THE BEAVER ARGUS

IS PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY in the old ARGUS building, on THIRD STREET, BEAVER, PA.

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

Single copies of the paper will be furnished, in wrappers, at *five cents* each.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To insure attention, favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as a guaranty against imposition.

Letters and communications should be addressed to

J. WEYAND, *Editor & Proprietor.*

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 49--No. 23. Beaver, Pa., Wednesday, June 5, 1867. Established 1818.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements are inserted at the rate of $1.00 per square for first insertion, and for each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made on yearly advertisements.

A space equal to ten lines of this type measured is a square.

Business Notices set under a head by themselves immediately after the local news, will be charged *twenty-five* cents a line for each insertion.

Marriages and deaths announced free of charge.

The publisher reserves the right to change advertisements from one place in the paper to another, whenever it is desirable to do so.

Advertisements should be handed in before Monday noon to insure insertion in that week's paper.

RAILROADS.

PITTS., FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY.

On and after April 29, 1867, Trains will leave Stations on said Road (Sundays excepted) as follows: [Train leaving Chicago at 4:30, P. M., leaves daily.]

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburgh	645 AM	930 AM	215 PM	200 AM
Rochester	815	1040	333	310
Salem	1033	1222 PM	526	458
Alliance	1140	110	625	559
Canton	1234 PM	150	706	636
Massillon	1255	210	730	646
Orrville	138	253	808	710
Wooster	212	322	840	746
Mansfield	405	550	1014	920
	445	630	1043	950
Crestline	600 AM	810	1100	1000
Bucyrus	635	640	1135	1025
Upper Sandusky	719	722	1220 AM	1100
Forest	758	755	1255	1138
Lima	915	911	345	1250 PM
Van Wert	1034	1020	520	137
Fort Wayne	1220 PM	1145	650	300
Columbia	110	1230 AM	804	346
Warsaw	200	121	854	436
Plymouth	300	220	731	540
Valparaiso	438	357	927	713
Chicago	700	550	120	920

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Chicago	720 AM	1020 PM	450 PM	430 AM
Valparaiso	904	1220	627	607
Plymouth	1035	259	810	829
Warsaw	1153	420	901	940
Columbia	1219 PM	530	944	1008
Fort Wayne	108	702	1033	1135
Van Wert	236	831	1136	1252 PM
Lima	333	950	1231 AM	215
Forest	439	1106	141	350
Upper Sandusky	503	1135	206	421
Bucyrus	538	1218 PM	244	511
Crestline	605	1250	310	550
	625	200	330	600 AM
Mansfield	657	230	348	636
Wooster	840	405	516	835
Orrville	907	430	540	905
Massillon	948	504	618	941
Canton	1004	521	638	1000
Alliance	1100	625	740	1115
Salem	1132	657	750	1149
Rochester	1 125 AM	845	1040	215 PM
Pittsburgh	220	950	1045	340

Youngstown, New Castle and Erie Express leaves Youngstown at 2:00 p. m; New Castle, 4:05 p.m; arrives at Rochester, 6:45 p. m. Returning, leaves Pittsburgh 8:00 a. m; arr. at N. Castle, 9:25 a. m; Youngstown, 9:30.

Youngstown, New Castle and Pittsburgh Accommodation leaves Youngstown, 5:45 a. m; New Castle, 7:20 a. m; arrives at Allegheny, 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Allegheny, 1:30 p. m; arrives New Castle, 6:20 p. m Youngstown, 7:30 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

On and after April 29, 1867, trains will leave Stations daily (Sundays excepted) as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	820 AM	345 PM	.....	345 PM
Euclid Street	834	256	.....	356
Hudson	937	356	.....	510
Ravenna	1010	425	.....	546
Atwater	1105	510	.....	650
Rayard	1144	543	.....	.....
Wellsville	130 PM	700	.....	.....

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	.....	Accom
Wellsville	350	412 PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1024	520	.....	.....
Atwater	1115	605	.....	715 AM
Ravenna	1201 PM	645	.....	810
Hudson	1226	710	.....	850
Euclid Street	137	804	.....	1004
Cleveland	150	815	.....	1015

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Bellaire	12 PM	353 AM	1040 AM	.....
Bridgeport	44	605	1050	.....
Steubenville	555	721	1138	.....
Wellsville	750	820	140 PM	610
Smith's Ferry	812	912	220	733
Beaver	842	942	250	803
Rochester	920	1020	340	845
Pittsburgh	1030	1095	570	910

GOING WEST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.	Accom
Pittsburgh	615 AM	900 PM	135 PM	330 PM
Rochester	725	955	512	415
Beaver	755	1015	557	455
Smith's Ferry	813	1035	632	544
Wellsville	845	1057	720	630
Bridgeport	1020	1230	858	.....
Bellaire	1112	130	922	.....
Bellaire	1125	140	935	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia, 6.35 p.m.	Bayard, 9.55, a. m.
Bayard, 10.00, m.	N. Philadelphia, 2.30, p.m.

F. R. MYERS, *General Ticket Agent.*

NOT YET "GONE UNDER."

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the friends and the public generally, that he still lives, and keeps constantly on hand a large and well selected stock of

LADIES' GENTLEMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S

Boots and Shoes,

OF ALL KINDS,

which he will sell at the lowest possible prices. In addition to his Eastern made stock of Boots and Shoes, he also keeps on hand a large assortment of his own manufacture, and is prepared to do job work or repairing in the shortest notice, and as well as can be done at any other shop in the county.

Thankful to the public for past favors in my business, I respectfully ask that they may be continued. All Eastern work that rips will be repaired free of charge.

apr17'67:3m. ROBERT TALLON.

FARM FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS HIS FARM FOR SALE, situated in Darlington township, Beaver county, Pa., on a public road 1½ a mile south of Enon Station, on P., Ft. W. & C. Ry. Said farm is adapted either to raising Grain or Stock. It is well watered, contains Thirty-five acres, 25 of which are cleared and in a high state of cultivation. The improvements are a good DWELLING HOUSE, STABLE, with Wagon Shed and Corn-crib attached, and a Sheep House, 28 by 44 feet. There are on the premises 250 FRUIT TREES—200 Apple and 60 Peach and Cherry, of the very best varieties. Two hundred of the apple trees are beginning to bear fruit. Part of the land is underlaid with TWO OR THREE VEINS OF COAL, from 2 to 4 feet in thickness.

The neighborhood is good. Schools and churches convenient, and there is an excellent market at Enon Station.

If not sold before, the whole or 25 acres of the Farm will be offered at Public Sale on SATURDAY, JUNE 29th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m. Title indisputable.

Apply to J. I. REED,

Enon Valley, Pa.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN APPOINTED agent for the Ætna Insurance Company, of Hartford, Conn., and likewise for the Niagara Insurance Company of New York, and the Enterprise Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

Each of these Companies insure dwellings, out-buildings, Merchandize, &c., &c., against loss by fire on favorable terms for five years or less.

Losses promptly adjusted and promptly paid when the insurance is effected. All business connected with either of these Companies attended to with dispatch and fidelity.

JOS. M'CLURE, Agent.

Beaver, Pa.

LAUGHING GAS!

COME ALL YE THAT HAVE BEEN SUFFERING the untold miseries of toothache, and dread of extraction, and you will find that Dr. Chandler & Co. are ready to relieve you by the use of the great pain destroyer, LAUGHING GAS—and make their extraction a source of pleasure, rather than of pain.

All dental operations performed in the best possible manner, and at reasonable terms as by any good Dentist in the county.

Office in Beaver Station, Rochester, Pa.

apr17'67:1y. T. J. CHANDLER & CO.

REMOVAL.

G. BRADY HAS REMOVED HIS CLOTHING AND FURNISHING ESTABLISHMENT to the new building on Main street, nearly opposite to the Union Co-operative Store in New Brighton, Pa.

He also takes this opportunity of informing his friends and the public generally, that he has just received from the east a large and well selected stock of Gents' Goods, which he proposes to sell at prices that cannot fail to suit purchasers.

Clothing made to order on the shortest notice. All work warranted to fit.

apr3'67:3m

A Great Change!

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

AT THE

Corner of Diamond & Third St.,

Beaver, Pa.

THE DRUG STORE FORMERLY OCCUPIED BY Hamilton & Anderson has been purchased by

J. B. RHODES,

WHO NOW OFFERS

A Full and Complete Stock of

PURE DRUGS & MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS:

Perfumery,

SOAPS, TOILET ARTICLES.

And Brushes of All Kinds.

PROPRIETARY GOODS AND DYE-STUFFS.

☞ We are prepared to sell PURE AND SECOND QUALITY WHITE LEAD, AND OILS OF ALL KINDS, *at Pittsburgh prices.*

☞ *Please Call and be Convinced!!* ☜

WINDOW GLASS OF ALL SIZES.

Our stock of Alcohols, Wines, Brandies, Whiskeys, and other Liquors, will be found complete, and, being selected with great care, can be relied upon as being *Pure* as can be obtained, and will be sold for Medical, Mechanical, and Sacramental purposes *only.*

☞ **Prescriptions and Family Receipts Accurately Filled at All Hours.**

Our Prescription and Medicine Department being under the personal supervision of Mr. L. M. HAMILTON, with an experience of seven years, we flatter ourselves that we can give full satisfaction in any branch of the business.

☞ Remember the place—near the Post Office, corner Third street and the Diamond, Beaver.

All are invited to call and examine our Beaver, April 26'67:1y. J. B. RHODES.

J. H. BENCE,

THIRD STREET, (1 DOOR BELOW SEMINARY,)

Beaver, Pa.

OFFERS TO HIS FRIENDS AND CUSTOMERS a select Stock of the

LATEST STYLES

In Trimmings,

EMBROIDERY,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
LACES,
RUFFLES,
RIBBONS,
BUTTONS,
HOSIERY,
CORSETS,
GLOVES,
TIDIES,
BAL. SKIRTS.

The new style Invisible Empress Trail Hoop Skirt, Veil Stuffs, Grenadines, Sun Umbrellas, Keplyes, Ladies' and Gent's Paper Cuffs and Collars, &c.

MILLINERY,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Hats and Bonnets, very cheap. Flowers in every variety, cheap. Hats and Bonnets altered and cleaned, cheap.

Also, Dress-making, Cloak and Sack Cutting, Pinking, &c., &c.

Madame Demorest's Latest Paris and N. York Trimmed Patterns constantly on hand.

PATTERNS FOR SALE.

As our stock has been purchased at low prices, it is offered at corresponding low rates. Give us a call and satisfy yourself.

☞ Don't forget the place—one door below the Seminary, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

J. H BENCE.

apr17'67:3m

NEW GROCERY STORE!

THE UNDERSIGNED TAKES PLEASURE IN informing the people of Beaver and vicinity, that he has opened a

GROCERY STORE

in the building in which his Feed Store is now kept, on

THIRD STREET, BEAVER,

where will be found an excellent assortment of

COFFEES, TEAS, SUGARS, SYRUPS, MOLASSES, SORGHUM, RICE, PEPPERS, SPICES, SOAPS, CANDIES, RAISINS, ENGLISH CURRANTS, FIGS, &c.

Bodcords, Washtubs, Keelers, Tinware, and in fact every article usually kept in a well regulated Grocery Store.

In connection with his Grocery, he still continues to keep his FLOUR AND FEED STORE, where the best articles in this line are constantly kept, and offered cheap for Cash or Produce.

jan9'67:1y SIMON SNITGER.

LAUGHING GAS

ADMINISTERED BY DR. MURRAY, BRIDGEWATER, PA., in extracting teeth. I have added to my many other facilities for the successful prosecution of my profession, this invaluable pain-killing agent. All branches of Dentistry performed in the best and most modern style. All work done as cheaply, and fifty per cent. better than at any other Steam Dental Establishment in the state.

may9'67:tf

BARBARA FRIETCHIE.

BY JOHN G. WHITTIER.

Up from the meadows rich with corn,
Clear in the cool September morn,

The clustr'd spires of Frederick stand,
Green-wall'd by the hills of Maryland.

Round about them orchards sweep,
Apple and peach tree fruited deep,

Fair as a garden of the Lord,
To the eyes of the famish'd rebel horde,

On that pleasant morn of the early Fall,
When Lee march'd over the mountain wall,

Over the mountains winding down,
Horse and foot, into Frederick town.

Forty flags with their silver stars,
Forty flags with their crimson bars,

Flapp'd in the morning wind: the sun
Of noon look'd down, and saw not one.

Up rose old Barbara Frietchie then,
Bow'd with her fourscore years and ten;

Bravest of all in Frederick town,
She took up the flag the men haul'd down.

In her attic-window the staff she set,
To show that one heart was loyal yet.

Up the street came the rebel tread,
Stonewall Jackson riding ahead.

Under his slouch'd hat left and right
He glanced: the old flag met his sight.

"Halt!"—the dust-brown ranks stood fast;
"Fire!"—out blazed the rifle-blast.

It shiver'd the window-pane and sash,
It rent the banner with seam and gash.

Quick, as it fell from the broken staff,
Dame Barbara snatch'd the silken scarf.

She leant far out on the window-sill,
And shook it forth with a royal will.

"Shoot, if you must, this old gray head,
But spare your country's flag," she said.

A shade of sadness, a blush of shame,
Over the face of the leader came;

The nobler nature within him stirred
To life at that woman's deed and word.

"Who touches a hair of yon gray head
Dies like a dog! March on!" he said.

All day long through Frederick street
Sounded the tread of marching feet;

All day long that free flag tost'd
Over the heads of the rebel host.

Ever its torn folds rose and fell
On the loyal winds that loved it well;

And, through the hill-gaps, sunset light
Shone over it with a warm good-night.

Barbara Frietchie's work is o'er,
And the rebel rides on his raids no more.

Honor to her! and let a tear
Fall, for her sake, on Stonewall's bier.

Over Barbara Frietchie's grave,
Flag of Freedom and Union, wave!

Peace and order and beauty draw
Round thy symbol of light and law;

And ever the stars above look down
On thy stars below in Frederick town.

Nastily on the Johnson-Davis Comcutt.

TRIUMPHANT PROGRESS OF J. DAVIS FROM FORTRESS MONROE TO RICHMOND.

THE "SPOTTSWOOD," RICHMOND, VA., May 18, 1867.

In castin a retrospective glance backerd over the pathway uv the past, I kin see many mistakes wich I hev made. I hev'n't alluz made the most uv opportoonities—I hev doubtid when doubtin wuz a crime, and I hev stood shivrin on the brink and feared to lanch away, when on the tother side uv the Jordan wuz pelf and profit. Our foresite isn't alluz ez good ez our hindsite. The great error uv my life wuz in not plungin headlong into the war ez a Confedrit Major General, distinguishin myself for croodty to Fedral prizners, and bein at the close uv the fratricidle struggle resceved and embraced ez a long-last brother by the Northern people (lettin em kill fattid calves for me), and uv coorse bein the objeck uv sympathy ez a marter by the Southern people. In this situation a man hez two strings to his bow.—He brings to his support the two extremes.—He fetches together Horris Greely from the one side and Genral Boregard from the tother—they embrace, and standin on both their sholders he hez wat may be called a soft thing uv it.

I wuz led into these train uv reflections by the experience wich I hed with our sainted cheef, Jefferson Davis. I wuz sent here by the President to see that everythin wuz done for the comfort uv the illustrious man that cood be done, on the occashen uv his contemplatid trip to Richmond. Particklerly wuz I charged to see that everything calkelatid to jar on his sensitive feelins be removed—every thing wich cood wound his sense uv hearin, seein or smellin.

The grate man hed consentid to go. He hed bin, he felt, illegally deprived uv liberty—unconstooshnell in fact—and ef he shood consult his own feelins he wood remane, but to forgive wuz divine. Viewin these proceedins in the lite uv an apology he wood go.

The day hed arrived. The steamer wuz at the Fortress, carefully prepared to recive its illustrious burden. It hed been thoroughly cleaned and fumigated, the cabins hed bin nooly furnisht, and speshl alterations made for the President and party. There wuz Yoonited States officers and soldiers aboard, but out of respeck for the feelings uv their illustrious "prizner," ez he iz technicly called, they kep theirselves carefully out of his site, that the color of their uniforms might not awaken onpleasant refleckshens. So perfeck, indeed, wuz the arrangements, that the milin uv the boat, which wuz orignelly bloo, wuz kivered with gray cloth, and the eagle figger-head uv the craft wuz sawed off. This wuz sejested by a eminent Conservative uv Yoo Nork, who hez a large Southern trade wich he didn't prejoodis by his coorse during the war.—The ladies' cabin wuz originelly assigned to the party, but a female passenger had no more regard for the comfort of the martar than to die on the passage, and they were deprived uv it. The Conservative merchant insisted that the corpse be chucked overboard, but Mr. Davis, with a magnanimity which wuz alluz characteristic uv him, refoozed—"No," he said, "let her rest there. I kin endoor the inconvenience, severe as it is. It is but one more attempt to break my sperit."

All the way up ther wuz the most tetchin deference shown him. At every landin the people were assembled to greet him, wich he acknowledged with a condescension I never saw off the stage. He conversed but little on the passage up. Ez the boat wuz a sweepin majestically past pints made historicle by the events uv the great stauggle, his eye wood briten, ef they wuz sich pints ez a Confedrit cood take pride in, and dim with tears ef they wuz pints at wich ther hed bin reverses.

The most considrit preparashens hed bin made for his resepshen. There wuz no irons onto him—the only guards in site wuz them wich wuz detaild to keep the crowd from annoyin him, and a carriage wus in readiness, into wich we seeted ourselves, and wuz drivgen off at a dignifed pace to that resort uv the aristocracy of Virginny—the Spottswood.—Here more consideration was shown. Mr. Davis becin avetoo to walkon up stairs, a suite uv rooms hed bin prepared for him on the fust floor, and the presence uv General Burton, uv the Fedral army, bein obnoxshus, he was assigned to the next resident a room at the further end of the hall. His nerves bein very sensitive, heavy mattin was laid down all the halls, and the servants uv the house wuz especially directed to wear list slippers, and to walk on their tip-toes.

I wuz invited to his room, and was favored with a few minutes conversashen with the first uv Amerikens. Glancin out uv the winder his fine, soft, grey eye rested on the roof uv Libby.

"Lies! lies!" said he, angrily.

"What speshl lies hev you reference to?" ask I.

"Them wich wuz published in the scurrilous reports uv the committees by a uncontooshnel Congris regardin the treatment uv prizners in Libby. They asserted that the officers died becoz they hed but ten feet by two, for sleepin, washin, cookin and eatin. They hed that space, and wat more was necessary? Why give em room to cook when they hedn't anything to cook? Wherefore room to eat ef they hedn't anythin to eat? No, its false.—It wuzn't the crowdin that perdoost the mortality.

Only wunst wuz his bazzum wrung, and that the Government cood not prevent. He wuz a standin at the winder, gazin out upon Richmond, his mind revertin to the time when it wuz the Capital uv his Confedracy, when a procession passed with moosic, and flags and banners. With a shreck uv angish he burled his head in the curtins, and wept aloud. I rusht to the winder. It wuz ez I feared. Filin slowly by wuz a percession uv niggers who hed past that way perposly.—"Merciful Heaven!" sed he, "hez it come to this?" and he wuz very reserved and deprest the balance uv the day.

The next day the President wuz taken to the Court. Ez he entered the room and glanced proudly over the awjence, it wood hev bin very difficult to hev decided whether he wuz a goin to try the Court or the Court him. But repressin hilself he took his seat. Techin solissitood wuz displayed in the Court room for his comfort. A crack in the winder casin let in a draft uv cold air, he shuddered and a shudder run thro the entire assemblage. The shudder uv the Conservative merchant from Noo York wuz trooly artistic. Cotton wuz called for, when the Conservative merchant's wife torg off one uv her buzzums and stuft the aperture. Wuz ther ever more techin sacrifis? The President wept ez he beheld it. On asertainin the temperatoor wich best sooted his system, a thermometer wuz brot, and the room wuz kept at that precise degree.

There wuz sum triflin legal formalities gone through with, and the President's counsel made a motion that he be admitted to bail. There wuz a stir in the court. "Make it a million!" sed one, "so that the craven North shel see how we kin take keer uv them we love!" but Judge Underwood fixed it at $100,000, and brisk ex-beer Schell, a Noo York Dimokrat, several Richmond Democrats, and Horris Greely stept forrerd and signed it.

Never shel I forgit the shout that assended ez Horris wuz a signin his name.

"Three cheers for Jeff and Greely and Horris Davis—one and inseparable—now and forever!" shouted one enthusiastic Confederate.

"Immortality is yours!" exclaimed another, and are now the un kinne tied to his fate. What joy! Wat happines! When posterity speks uv him they'll speek uv yo!"

I coodent restrane myself no more. Bustin into teers I fell onto Greely's buzzum and we embraced. Ez he hedn't his spectikels on he sposed it wuz Davis hisself, and he bustid into teers also, and there wuz wun uv the most strikin tabloos ever exhibited. I got away afore he diskivered his mistake.

Here wuz the endin uv our troubles—the conshumation uv our hopes. DAVIS WUZ FREE! The pent-up emoshuns uv the people found vent. Ez he stept into the street the people crowded to the carriage wich contained us and rent the air with cheers. We reacht the hotel, and after embracin his wife, a season of religious exercises wuz held. The clergyman who hed excloosive charge of Davis' picty doorin the war, wuz present, and offerd prayer. He prayed fervently that the Lord wood forgive the people of the North for the wrong they hed done our sainted head, that he wood forgiv, ef possible, the late head uv the Fedral Government who hed apposed him and the glorius coz, and ef Divine mercy could stretch so far that he wood forgiv the Colonel uv Michigan civalry wich hed hunted down the Saint who wuz now in our midst, and made uv him a captive. He prayed for forgivness for the reckless men of the North who invaded Virgina; for the noosepaper condukters who hed aboosed him who is now with us, and perticklerly Horris Greely, who hed this day in some measure atoned for his previous wickidness. He prayed that the blessins uv Heven might rest, first, upon the city uv Richmond, then upon the balance uv Virgina, and afterward upon the rest uv the Southern States, and he wound up with a fervent appeal that the Ethiopans, wich coodnt change their skins, might see the error of their ways and return to their normal condishun.

After this the President received his friends.

I am not permitted to give more uv the President's plans than this: He will remain in seclooshon, and will take no part whatever in politics until after his final acquittal in November. He don't feel at liberty to take hold uv the Government so long ez ther is even a techikle charge agin him. Our friends in the Northern States, who expected him to take the stump in their behalf this fall, will be disappinted. I return to-morrow to Kentucky.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.,

(Wich is Postmaster), and Professor in the Ham and Japheth Free Academy for the developement uv the intellek uv all races irrespective uv color.

IS THERE no way by which the murder of our prisoners of war is to be avenged? Is nothing to be done that shall secure to our rank and file the treatment of civilized warfare in any future war? Is the record of the rebellion to stand before the world, as evidence that the Republic of America cannot, or will not, defend her defenders? England suffocated our prisoners of war in prison ships, the Confederacy starved and froze and tortured and shot them down. Why may not any future enemy do likewise? Government has totally and signally failed to protect or avenge the brave men who periled all for her protection. It is not officers high in place who are likely to suffer by establishing the rule, in the face of the world, that an American soldier may, with impunity, be starved, turned out, houseless, naked and hungry, into the winter storm, or shot down, while a prisoner of war. The consequences of such rule fall upon the people. Can this same people, by any possibility, elect men to represent them who will secure to them the respect of the world and the rights of civilized warfare? Is this Government theirs, and can they control it?—*Pitts. Com.*

AN editor at a dinner table, being asked if he would take some pudding replied, in a fit of abstraction, "Owing to the crowd of other matter, we are unable to find room for it."

[From the N. Y. Tribune.]

JOHN WILKES BOOTH,

Copy of the Diary Found on Him.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—So much has been said about the spoliation of the Booth diary since the charge was made by Gen. Butler in Congress, that now the people generally, and, almost without an exception, the leading journals demand that the book be published, no matter whether its contents be important or unimportant. Upon representation to Mr. Johnson of all the circumstances, and of the general demand that the diary be printed, in order that the people may for themselves judge of the facts and merits of the controversy about this book, the President gave his consent that a copy be published. The President himself never having seen the diary, had some days ago ordered a certified copy to be made, which was accordingly a few days ago furnished. I am permitted to send you a copy of this record as certified by the Judge Advocate:

[Copy.]

EXECUTIVE MANSION,

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 0, 1867.

The Secretary of War will please furnish the President with a certified copy of the "Diary" found upon the body of J. Wilkes Booth, together with a succinct statement of all the facts connected with its capture and its possession by the War Department.

ANDREW JOHNSON.

WAR DEPARTMENT,

WASHINGTON CITY, May 14, 1867.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith a copy of the entries contained in the memorandum book found on the person of J. Wilkes Booth, at the time of his capture, certified by General Holt, Judge Advocate General, who has possession of the book, together with his report in relation thereto. The memorandum book was first seen by me about the 26th day of April, 1867, shortly after Booth's capture, and a few hours before his remains reached Washington. It was brought to my house by Provost Marshal Baker and another person, who was, I think, Lieutenant Colonel Conger. The book was then examined by me in presence of Gen. Eckert, Assistant Secretary of War, and was found to contain only the entries certified by General Holt; also some photographs of females—Immediately preceding the entries some pages appeared to have been cut out, but there was nothing indicating what had been written thereon, or whether anything had been written, nor when or by whom they had been cut out. Immediately after careful examination of the book and its contents, it was placed in the hands of General Eckert in the same condition as when I first saw it to be delivered to the Judge Advocate General, in whose possession after its delivery to him by Gen. Eckert, I am informed and believe it has continued until the present time. The last time I saw the book was some time last winter.—It was then before the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives, and was in all respects in the same condition as when it came into my hands. Col. Conger, who was prominent in the pursuit and capture of Booth, after having carefully examined it in my presence on yesterday, declared its condition to be now precisely the same as when he took it from Booth's body after he had been shot, the writing in it being the same and all which it then contained. Col. Conger was examined before the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives to-day.

J. HOLT,

Judge Advocate General.

A COPY OF HIS DIARY.

"TI AMO," April 13th, 14th.—Friday the Ides. Until to-day nothing was ever thought of sacrificing to our country's wrongs. For six months we had worked to capture, but our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done. But its failure was owing to others who did not strike for their country with a heart. I struck boldly and not as the papers say. I walked with a firm step through a thousand of his friends and was stopped, but pushed on. A Colonel was at his side. I shouted "*Sic Semper*" before I fired. In jumping I broke my leg. I passed all his pickets, and rode 60 miles that night with the bone of my leg tearing the flesh at every jump. I can never repent it, though we hated to kill. Our country owed all her trouble to him, and God simply made me the instrument of his punishment. The country is not what it was. The forced Union is not what I have loved. I care not what becomes of me. I have no desire to outlive my country. The night, "before the deed," I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the *National Intelligencer*, in which I fully set forth our reasons for our proceedings. He or the Government—

FRIDAY, 21.—After being hunted like a dog through swamps, woods, and last night being chased by gunboats till I was forced to return, wet, cold, and starving, with every man's hand against me. I am here in despair, and why? For doing what Brutus was honored for, what made Tell a hero, and yet I, for striking down a greater tyrant than they ever knew, am looked upon as a common cutthroat. My actions were purer than either of theirs. One hoped to be great, the other had not only his country's but his own wrongs to avenge. I hoped for no gain. I knew no private wrong. I struck for my country, and that alone—a country that groaned beneath this tyranny and prayed for this end, and yet now behold the cold hand they extend to me. God cannot pardon me if I have done wrong; yet I cannot see my wrong, except in serving a degenerate people. The little, the very little I left behind to clear my name, the Government will not allow to be printed. So ends all. For my country I have given up all that makes life sweet and holy, brought misery on my family, and am sure there is no pardon in the Heaven for me, since man condemns me so. I have only heard of what has been done, except what I did myself, and it fills me with horror. God, try and forgive me, and bless my mother. To-night I will once more try the river, with the intent to cross, though I have a greater desire and almost a mind to return to Washington, and in a measure clear my name, which I feel I can do. I do not repent the blow I struck. I may before my God, but not to man. I think I have done well, though I am abandoned, with the curse of Cain upon me, when, if the world knew my heart, that one blow would have made me great, though I did not desire greatness. To-night I try to escape these bloodhounds once more. Who, who, can read his fate? God's will be done. I have too great a soul to die like a criminal. Oh! may He, may He spare me that, and let me die bravely. I bless the entire world. Have never hated or wronged any one. This last was not a wrong, unless God deems it so; and it is with Him to damn or bless me. And for this brave boy with me, who often prays—yes, before and since—with a true and sincere heart. Was it crime in him? If so, why can he pray the same? I do not wish to shed a drop of blood, but I must fight the course.—'Tis all that's left me.

Upon a piece of paper found in the diary, and supposed to have been torn from it, is written the following:

"MY DEA (Piece torn out.) Forgive me, but I have some little pride. I cannot blame you for want of hospitality. You know your own affairs. I was sick, tired, with a broken limb and in need of medical advice, and I could not have turned a dog from my door in such a pligiit. However, you were kind enough to give us something to eat, for which I not only thank you, but on account of the rebuke and manner in which to" (piece torn out) "it is not the substance but the way in which kindness is extended that makes one happy in the acceptance thereof. The sauce to meat is ceremony. Meeting were base without it. Be kind enough to accept the inclosed five dollars, although hard to spare for what we have received. Most respectfully, your obedient servant."

REPORT OF THE JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL.

BUREAU OF MILITARY JUSTICE,

NEW YORK, May 14, 1867.

Respectfully returned, with the copy asked for.

The "Diary" purports to be one for 1864, and the leaves cut or torn from it probably contained entries of that year, and were thus destroyed by Booth himself. It is absolutely certain that the diary is in all respects as it was when it came into my hands, and Col. Conger, who was prominent in the pursuit and capture of Booth, after having carefully examined it in my presence on yesterday, declared its condition to be now precisely the same as when he took it from Booth's body after he had been shot, the writing in it being the same and all which it then contained. Col. Conger was examined before the Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives to-day.

J. HOLT,

Judge Advocate General.

An Anecdote of Lincoln.

The following was addressed by a gentleman in the West to a friend in this city, who has since 1863 been occupied in collecting authentic anecdotes of Abraham Lincoln. We have seen the MS., and can assure our readers that it is not a small one:

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 13, 1867.

MY DEAR———: I don't know whether or not you are still wanting anecdotes of Mr. Lincoln, but I venture to send you one that I have just heard.

In early days the judge and members of the bar had to ride from county to county on horse-back to attend court. On one occasion Lincoln was riding from this county to an adjoining one, in company with Judge Treat, Edwards, Herndon, and others, and they had to cross the Sangamon river, which had recently been so high as to sweep away the bridge. They called upon Lincoln, who was the only one acquainted with the country, to know if the horses would have to swim. On reaching the ford he suggested that they had better take off their clothes and carry them under their arms, or they might get them wet. So they stripped, and rode into the stream. "Oh, its deeper farther on," was his reply to their questions, when they found that the water did not reach their horses knees. They kept on and still the water got no deeper, and at length reached the opposite shore, having gone through no water more that two feet deep. "Boys," drawled L. "I guess the deep water is farther down."

Imagine the lights of the Illinois bench and bar riding, in broad daylight, *in puris naturalibus*, through water knee-deep. If you knew Judge Treat, who is the personification of judicial dignity and stately solemnity, you could better understand what a ludicrous figure he must have cut.

"Too Much Ditto."

In a small village in New England lived an old chap, who though very wealthy, did not possess a good education, and also did not his wife. He purchased most of his household goods at a dry good and grocery store in the village, and at the end of the year the bill was presented for payment. On one occasion in looking it over, he observed the word "ditto" occurred frequently. On reaching home he said to his wife:

"What have you been doing with so much ditto this year?" showing her how it stood on the bill. "I havn't bought any, and what have you been doing with so much?"

"I haven't had a bit," she replied.

"You must have had it," he returned, "for M. always deals honestly by me, and here it is on the bill. You can see for yourself."

"I don't care if it is; I haven't had any, and M. has cheated you; I always said he would."

"Well, then I must see about it," he replied. So he trudged back to the store.

"Look here, M., what do you mean be charging me with so much ditto? I haven't had any and my wife says she hasn't.

When the old gentleman returned home, his wife inquired if he found out about the "ditto."

"Yes," said he, "I have found out that I was a fool, and you was a ditto."

THE Washington *Chronicle* says that the Congressional Executive Committee are receiving most encouraging accounts from the South. The work of organization is going forward with wreat rapidity. The blacks in the neighborhood of large towns are reported as a unit for the Republican party, but in the back country, in smaller communities, are to a considerable extent under the control of their late masters. Virginia is said to be the most backward, and Louisiana the most forward, in the work of organization. The committee is meeting with good success in funds, and nearly every day, agents are dispatched to different points in the South. General Banks may possibly make a tour through these States, and an effort is being made to induce Miss Anna Dickinson to deliver some of her lectures in that section.

GOV. GEARY has appointed Mahlon H. Dickson, of Philadelphia, visitor for philanthropic purposes to the prisons and almshouses of the Commonwealth, under the act passed by the Legislature at its last session.

GEN. NEAL DOW, of Maine, has been presented with a valuable tea service of silver by the people of Burslem, England, for his labors in behalf of temperance.

OWING to a memorable interview with Ben. Wood, Hon. John Morrissey does not appear in the income returns this year.

GENERALS GRANT, THOMAS AND DENT arrived at Richmond, Va., on Saturday.

The Opinion of the Attorney-General.

The opinion of the Attorney-General upon the clauses in the Reconstruction Acts respecting the rights to vote and to hold office, which we print in full, has in itself evidence of its necessity, for the questions which have arisen need to be decided by the highest executive authority. Five military commanders might otherwise make five different interpretations of a law, which needs to be uniformly enforced in the States in which it is operative. Whether Mr. Stansbery correctly defines the limits of the law is another and important question, not fully to be examined at present.

The Attorney General recites the provisions of the law which affect the right to vote and hold office, and attempts to define those classes who are entitled to registration; the qualifications of residence and age are comparatively unimportant. Of chief interest is the extent to which taking part in the rebellion is a disqualification from voting. Mr. Stansbery elaborately examines the meaning of the act which excludes officers who have taken part in the rebellion, and decides that officers of the militia are not included; that the act does not apply to municipal officers, and that with all those who are not strictly State, Judicial or Executive officer, the uncertain definition, which he contends exists in the law must be construed in favor of the voter. A vast body of officers, he asserts, are not positively excluded by the law. The disqualification based on the breaking of the oath of office is the next subject of the opinion which is given to this effect—that the disqualification is intended to comprehend military as well as civil officers, and to be more general in application to United States officers than to those of a State. Of

The Beaver Argus.

J. WEYAND, Editor and Proprietor.

Beaver, Pa., June 5 h. 1867.

Union County Nominations.

Assembly.
THOMAS NICHOLSON, Hanover tp.;

Associate Judge.
MILTON LAWRENCE, Greene tp.;

Prothonotary.
JOHN CAUGHEY, Beaver boro.;

Treasurer.
ELIJAH BARNES, Borough tp.;

Commissioner.
WM. EWING, Racoon tp.

Jury Commissioner
JOSEPH C. WILSON, Beaver boro.

Auditor.
G. K. SHANNON, Hopewell tp;

Poor House Director.
SAMUEL McMANAMY, Economy tp.;

Trustees of Academy.
S. J. CROSS, Rochester boro.,
JOHN BARCLAY, Beaver boro.

The County Convention, the Ticket, &c.

The Union Convention which met in this place on Monday was well attended—every district in the county sending its full proportion of delegates—and was composed of quite an intelligent body of men. The proceedings throughout were as harmonious as conventions of this character usually are, and the delegates separated, feeling that they had discharged their duty to their friends as well as their party.

The ticket nominated is a good one, and will no doubt receive, as it should, the support of the party which selected it. We shall refer to it more particularly at some time in the future.

Our party friends in Mercer county were last fall encompassed with difficulties that caused them to lose a portion of their ticket. A leading citizen of the town of Mercer, and at one time quite prominent in this District, was then the cause of the misfortune of our political friends, and from recent developments in that county, we fear that himself and a few others, are again endeavoring to disorganize the party that has given them all the political standing they ever had. A week or so ago, the chairman of the county committee, who is undoubtedly a disorganizer himself, issued a call for a meeting of the committee, and instead of having it published in the *Dispatch*, the central organ of the party, he gave notice of the meeting through the Greenville *Argus*, a paper published in an out of the way place, and where not one out of every five members of the committee would be likely to see it. This was done too only *five* days before the time fixed for the meeting, and the circumstances all went to show that the design was to have but a few members attend, so that things could be so "set up" as to make it not a difficult matter to transfer a portion of the Republican party to the Democracy at the fall election. This programme was discovered in time to frustrate the plans of the disorganizers, in this prevent their doing any further harm to the party they are manifestly aiming to destroy.

Gen. Pope, the commander of the Military District, in which Mobile is located, has made a report to the Government in which he says that Judge Kelley's remarks at the meeting at which the riot occurred, were courteous, patriotic, and not calculated to incite turbulence and riot as his enemies charge. He also states that Mayor Withers and his police apprehended disturbance at the meeting, and that the former went to his home a mile and a half distant, before the meeting began, so that he would not be present when the trouble commenced. The police were either too timid to do their duty, or else did not want to preserve the peace. Ascertaining this, he removed both the Mayor and the police, and appointed Union men in their stead. The President now meditates the setting aside of Gen. Pope's appointees, and reinstating Mayor Withers and the old police.

What a President the people have!

Hon. Morrow B. Lowry, has announced himself as a candicate for the State Senate in the district composed of Crawford and Erie counties. Some two or three months ago he positively refused to be a candidate, but now in compliance with the wishes of his "personal friends," he expresses a willingness to forego private inconveniences and again take a seat in the Senate. A politician's "personal friends" are occasionally very obstreperous and refuse to allow him that rest and retirement which he certainly ought to have.—Lowry and his "friends" are instances of this character.

The Pennsylvania Reserve Association met in the Hall of the House of Representatives, at Harrisburg on last Thursday. Major General S. W. Crawford presided, and Major John C. Harvey acted as Secretary.—General M'Candless of Philadelphia delivered the annual address. It is to be published and furnished to the members of the Association, about three hundred of whom were present at the meeting. An election for permanent officers of the Association was then held, and resulted in the choice of Ex-Gov. Curtin for President, and Major John C. Harvey as recording Secretary. The Association resolved to hold its next annual meeting at Pittsburgh on May 30th 1868.

The cowardice and guilty conscience of the Administration could not be better illustrated than in its weak attempt to recommend in advance the Stansbury opinion by representing that it was endorsed by General Grant. By the country the Government knew that this opinion would be at once and instinctively felt to be a betrayal of the nation, and hence it pitifully sought to momentarily avert the storm of popular indignation by linking with the measure the name of the people's soldier, Gen. U. S. Grant.

On last Friday, the stores were closed, in Richmond, Va., business of all kinds suspended, and most of the inhabitants, especially the ladies, were engaged in decorating the graves of the Confederate dead. 10,000 persons, it is said, visited Hollywood Cemetery on that day.

The Judiciary Committee of the House of Representatives closed the impeachment investigation, at Washington on Monday last. On the question of impeaching the President, the vote was as follows; For impeachment—Boutwell, Thomas, Lawrence and Williams. Against impeachment—Wilson, Woodbridge, Churchhill, Eldridge and Marshall. So the Committee decided not to report in favor of impeachment.

A resolution censuring the President was then offered and carried by the following vote: Yeas—Wilson, Churchhill, Boutwell, Thomas, Woodbridge, Williams and Lawrence—all Republicans. Nays—Eldridge and Marshall, both Democrats. After agreeing to make the above conclusions public the committee adjourned till the 25th of June.

A rebel newspaper, called the National *Republican* was visited by the military at Mobile on last Thursday, on account of the publication of articles prejudicial to good order. Its further publication will be prohibited unless the proof-sheets are submitted to the commandant of the place, and if necessary revised by that officer.

A foolish attempt was made a couple of weeks ago to injure Gen. Butler, by representing that he had written a private note to Miss Anne Surratt, in which he offered the Surratt family his professional services. The General has written a letter to a friend, denying the statement in every particular, and characterizing the story as it deserves to be—a copperhead lie.

The trial of John H. Surratt did not begin on the 27th of May, as was determined upon some time ago, but has been postponed until the 10th of June. The absence of material witnesses, is the cause assigned for the postponement.

Confiscation.

Thaddeus Stevens has just written a letter to a friend, in which his reasons are stated for desiring the confiscation of rebel property. Among these is the following one which certainly carries a good deal of force with it:

"You live in a section which was two or three times invaded by the armies of Jeff. Davis. In the counties of Bedford, Fulton, Franklin, Cumberland, Adams and York, they visited almost every farmer and other inhabitant, plundered them of their horses, cattle, provisions and money, when bound, besides, in some detached cases, they laid in ashes one thriving village of six thousand people, and turned the inhabitants houseless into the streets to seek shelter in fence corners. No provision has ever been made or is making to reimburse the plundered citizens. By the law of nations a government makes no compensation for damages done by an invading army, unless such government be victorious, when it always provides by treaty for payment. A government which neglects to make provision on behalf of its plundered citizens is basely negligent of its duty."

Magnanimity.

Mrs. Jane G. Swisshelm, makes this point against Horace Greeley, for his interference in the release of Jeff Davis. All must look upon it as truth tersely and cuttingly spoken. She says:

"Mr. Greeley may afford to be magnanimous. He lost no husband, or brother, or father, or son in the war. He lost no limbs and carries no bullets, or the scar of them, in his body. Neither he, nor his, shivered on Belle Isle, or prayed for death at Andersonville. It is easy to forgive injuries committed against others, and he can afford to give $5,000 to the head of the rebellion, for furnishing material, and still make a profit. But every one was not so fortunate."

Important Provisions in the New License Law.

The last Legislature passed a very stringent license law, which, we judge is very imperfectly, if it is at all enforced. Sheriff's Constables, Policemen &c., should learn at once what their duty in the premises is, and then see that the act in question is not suffered to be lifeless on our statute books. Among other provisions of the law referred too we find the following which should be borne in mind by those who sell liquor as well as those who are annoyed by its use:

SELLING OR GIVING TO HABITUAL DRUNKARDS.

Section 3. No person shall sell, dispose of, or give away, and no licensed person shall suffer any person in his or her employment to sell, give away, or dispose of, any strong or spirituous liquors, wine, ale, beer, or any mixture of such liquors, to any habitual drunkard, or to any intoxicated person then being under the influence of any such liquors, under penalty of forfeiture of license.

SELLING AGAINST REQUEST OF PARENT, WIFE OR CHILD.

Section 4. No person thus licensed shall, against the request of any wife, husband, parent, or child, sell, give away, or dispose of, any strong or spirituous liquors, wines, ales, or beer, to the husband of any such wife, the wife of any such husband, parent of any such child, or child of any such parent, under penalty of all the fines and forfeitures of this act.

ARREST OF INTOXICATED PERSONS.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of every sheriff, constable, member and officer of police, to arrest any and every person, who shall be found intoxicated in the street, or public highway, or in any public place or places where strong, or spirituous liquors, wines, ale or beer, are sold, publicly kept, or disposed of, and to take him, or her, before any magistrate of the vicinity; and if such magistrate shall, after due inquiry, deem him, or her, too much intoxicated to be fully examined, or to answer, or act correctly, the magistrate shall cause him or her, to be confined until he or she becomes sober, and then to be brought before him, and interrogated, under oath, or affirmation, as to the cause of such intoxication, and thus ascertain from whom he or she obtained the liquor which caused the drunkenness; but such examination shall not be used in evidence against such intoxicated person, in any prosecution, civil or criminal.

PENALTY.

Section 10. Every person who may and shall violate any of the provisions of this act, shall for each offense, be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof, shall be punished with a fine of not more than twenty dollars, and in default of payment, with imprisonment of not more than five days.

Approved April 17th, 1867.

The Military Forces of Russia.—The strength of the active army of Russia, which in 1858 consisted of 580,000 men, is now 800,000. At the commencement of the present year the Russian army comprised 26,000 officers, 705,799 soldiers, and 29,632 military attendants, making a total of 762,081 men.—Upon the first necessity this force, according to the calculation of the Minister of War, could be raised to 1,180,000 men. Adding the total number of irregular troops, fixed at 300,000, the aggregate of the armed forces of Russia would represent nearly 1,500,000 combatants.

Union Republican Convention.

The delegates selected to attend the county convention of the Union Republican party of Beaver county, met at the Court House on Monday the 3d inst., and was called to order by M. Weyand Esq., the Chairman of the county committee.

On motion of James Patterson Esq., Gen. W. W. Irwin was called to the Chair. John Slentz, A. J. Petitt, G. M. F. Fields, and Capt. John Boyle were selected as Vice Presidents, and D. Woodruff, W. W. Kerr and J. R. Harrah were chosen as Secretaries.

The townships and boroughs being called over the following persons were reported as delegates.

LIST OF DELEGATES.

Beaver Borough—D. L. Imbrie, J. S. Rutan, G. W. Hamilton and Dr. D. McKinney.

Borough Township—M. Darragh, Capt. G. Weaver and J. R. Harrah.

Big Beaver Township—J. M. Imbrie, James Patterson, C. P. Wallace and M. P. Mitchell.

Bridgewater—D. Woodruff, B. Bradly and S. Moorhead.

Brighton Township—John Roberts, John Nevill and T. B. Hunter.

Chippewa Township—John Wilson, J. W. Brittain and Joseph Welsh.

Darlington Township—W. C. Shurlock, S. Patterson, Nathan Eskin, and Joseph Cunningham.

Economy Township—Leonard Berry, Wilson Neely and Robt. Gray.

Fallston—Thomas Henry, Samuel Kennedy and G. W. Fields.

Franklin Township—Henry Musser, John H. Beighly.

Freedom Borough—W. W. Kerr, and Geo. W. McCaskey.

Freedom District—Robert Snend and James Parks.

Greene Township—James H. Trimble, James Brittain, Edward Spence, James Cameron and Samuel Nelson.

Frankfort—Samuel H. Leeper, David Anderson and J. M. Vance.

McGuire—Thomas Bigger, A. A. Robinson and J. R. Crooks.

Hopewell—Samuel Shroades, Wm. M. Reed and R. W. Scott.

Industry—John Hays, Wm. Ammon and Solomon Dillinger.

Independence—Arthur Shields and Robert Sterling.

Marion—J. W. Boots and J. Phillis.

Moon—Wm. Springer, Robert Cooper, and Wm. Shroades.

New Brighton, 1st Ward—Samuel Magaw, Samuel Dunbar and G. S. Barker.

New Brighton, 2nd Ward—Benj. Bedison, Ralph Covert and J. C. Boyle.

New Brighton, 3d Ward—Benj. Wild, D. Stanton and C. W. Merrick.

New Sewickley—Henry Goehring, John Hessen and John Wagner.

North Sewickley—Milton Clow, Hugh M. Clow and J. M. Warnock.

Ohio—Noble Graham, A. J. Petitt, David Reed and John Slentz.

Patterson—James Patterson and J. E. Crain.

Phillipsburg—James A. Irons and N. P. Kerr.

Pulaski—Gen. W. W. Irwin and Ephraim Smith.

Rochester Borough—J. R. Pendleton, T. M. Taylor, H. W. Seeley and F. M. Anderson.

Rochester Township—A. P. Lacock and E. P. Stewart.

Raccoon—Joseph Campbell, Ross Taggart, Elisha Thornburg and James Todd.

South Beaver—G. W. Barclay, J. C. Duff, Scott Mitchell and Samuel Lawrence.

St. Clair Borough—Jacob Hetchey and Jonathan Paul.

The name of Robert Dickey was now withdrawn as a candidate for Prothonotary.

The name of T. J. Chandler was also withdrawn as a candidate for Assembly.

On motion a committee of three was appointed by the chair to report resolutions expressing the sense of the convention. This committee was comprised as follows: J. S. Rutan Esq., Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, reported the following resolutions, which were adopted without debate.

Resolved, That the declaration of principles as set forth in the resolutions of the last State Convention, meet our hearty approval, and this Convention refers to said resolutions for a full and candid statement of the views of the Republicans of Beaver county.

Resolved, That the Republican party of Beaver county hereby present to the Republican party of the State, the name of Gen. W. W. Irwin as a candidate for the office of State Treasurer, having full reliance in his ability, integrity and fidelity to the principles of our organization, and that the Senator and Representatives from this district are instructed to support him for that position.

Resolved, That our Representatives in the State Legislature be instructed to vote for and use all honorable means to pass a Free Railroad Law for the State.

Resolved, That our delegates to the State Convention be instructed to vote for Hon. W. H. Williams, of Allegheny county, for Supreme Judge, as the Western candidate, and in the event of the choice being confined to Eastern candidates to support Hon. John J. Pearson, of Dauphin county.

On motion of James Patterson, Esq., Hon. M. S. Quay was elected Representative, and Col. A. W. and Somerset Delegate, to the State Convention. Hon. Thomas Nicholson being called upon, made a short speech, pledging himself, if elected, to vote for a Free Railroad Law, and the restoration of the Charter to the Connellsville Railroad.

On motion of C. Merrick, the County Committee was instructed to refer the question of adopting the popular vote to the people at their next primary elections for their action and determination. On motion Convention adjourned.

W. W. IRWIN, Pres't.
J. R. HARRAH, } Secretaries.
DAVID WOODRUFF. }

A Dwelling and its Contents Sink Into the Ground.

A few days since, a singular and startling accident happened near Girardville, at the foot of Mahanoy Plane about six miles from Mahanoy City, Schuylkill county. It seems that at that point a "breast" of the Boston and Mahanoy Coal Company's colliery had been worked to within about twenty feet of the surface of the earth, and that located just above it stood a two-story frame building, occupied by Mr. Thomas T. Myers, a breaker-boss at the colliery, and his family. He also had a number of boarders, whose clothing, etc., was in the house.

About three o'clock on Friday afternoon, as Mrs. Morris Robinson, of Girardville, wife of the superintendent of the colliery, who was on a visit to the house, and Mrs. Myers were in the kitchen, they felt the house moving, and rushed in haste into the open air. Two minutes had hardly elapsed after they left the house, before it sunk with a surging, swaying motion into a huge chasm to the depth of about eighty feet. Large masses of earth and rock from the sides of the chasm immediately closed in upon the house, burying it almost completely from view. The crash when it went down was tremendous. The complete entombment of the dwelling, which was about thirty feet long, may be imagined, says the Miners' Journal, when we state that the chasm formed by the sinking of the mine would readily have admitted a building over one hundred feet in length.

The house contained seven beds and bedding, four stoves, bureaus and other furniture, besides a considerable quantity of clothing, a Sunday School library, and some money.—There was fire in several of the stoves, and shortly after the occurrence smoke was seen issuing from the earth which covered the roof, rendering it almost certain that the house had been set on fire. Streams of water were directed into the chasm, and it was hoped that the house would not be entirely destroyed.—Fortunately, the startling occurrence was not attended by the loss of human life. Had it taken place at night ten lives might have been lost. But it took place at an hour when some of Mr. Myer's children had gone to school, while the others were playing outside.

Presbyterian Churches.

The different Presbyterian bodies in this country held their General Synods, or General Assemblies, in the month of May. Some of these are still in session, some have closed their session. The spirit of union seems to pervade them all. It shows itself in an exchange of fraternal messages, in passing fraternal resolutions, and in appointing committees to confer with each other on plans of union. The New School General Assembly has adopted the report of the Joint Committee on a basis of union. A majority and also a minority report on this basis of union has been submitted to the Old School General Assembly. The matter there is eliciting some debate, and is yet uncertain. The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church adopted, before adjourning, resolutions favoring the "bringing into one the divided portions of the Presbyterian family." and indeed by all Presbyterian bodies. We rejoice in this spirit of coming together.

There is however an element of disintegration at work among the United Presbyterians, and also among the Old School Presbyterians. In the latter case, from the action of the Assembly against the "Declaration and Testimony" men; and in the former case, from the open communion views of some United Presbyterian ministers, especially of Rev. Mr. McCune, of Cincinnati. What will be the result in these cases cannot now be told.—*Phila. Christian Advocate.*

Dumas and Menkin.

We have received from Mr. J. Landy, photographer, of this city, one of the notorious Dumas-Menkin, *cartes de visites*, which are still a reigning scandal in Paris. The old novelest sits on the edge of a luxurious arm-chair, resting one hand on his knee while the other steals around the waist of the actress, who leans on him obliquely, supported in some degree by a stool between his feet. The fat, mulatto face of Dumas is rippled all over with a "you sly dog" sort of smile, while his chin and cheek are oily with triumphant dimples. His head, covered an inch deep with crisp, gray hair, is sunk luxuriously into his massive chest, his collar (he is in his shirt sleeves) grazes his ears, and buries itself in the stiff curls at the back of his head. If his chest is massive, and his legs ponderous, his girth of waist is simply colossal. From head to hip (neck he has none) he looks like a plethoric marine buoy, bolstered in linen and broadcloth. His hand is fat and large, his foot fat and small. The pose of Menkin is yielding and unreserved—quite a masterpiece of tender serenity. The merest glimmer of pensive mischief lurks in her eye. Otherwise the face is sweetly composed and demure.—With one ringed hand she holds a book (perhaps Monte Cristo) loosely on her knee (the other is lost in a loving struggle to reach around the big round shoulder of her companion. The black cluster of curls that she trains so carefully over her forehead, sweeps his cheek, and mingles with the gray spikes of his mustache. She is in ordinary parlor costume. Of itself the picture is not indecent, but unquestionably piquant and suggestive. Dumas, on finding the matter more gossiped about than he expected, ungenerously tried to get legal damages out of the photographer. He failed, and every one who sees the picture will need no stronger evidence that he deserves to fail. Menken's air in the *carte* is one of pleased and tranquil contentment; but Dumas' is redolent of the aggressive gallantry of a gay old Parisian who is still green and hardy in trunk and branch.—*Cincinnati Commercial.*

Destructive Fire.

Petroleum Center, Pa., June 2.

A most terrible fire occurred here this morning, destroying property in buildings and goods estimated at from forty to sixty thousand dollars. The fire originated in the Job Tyler House, and is unquestionably the work of an incendiary. Twenty-nine buildings were consumed, among which was the United States Hotel, the largest building in the place.

The largest individual losers were William Spence, proprietor of the United States; J. & A. Baum, dry goods dealers, whose loss is some ten thousand dollars. The total amount of insurance on the property will not exceed five thousand dollars, mostly small risks in different companies.

The Republican State Central Committee of Maryland has issued a call for a Border State Convention of Republican Unionists, to meet in Baltimore on the 12th of next September, and welcome delegates, without regard to race or color. The object is to make an appeal to Congress in behalf of manhood suffrage. Delaware, West Virginia, Kentucky, Tennessee and Missouri are invited to participate.

[From the Iron Age, May 23.]

Proposals for a General Jail Delivery.

Mr. Jefferson Davis, regarded as a soldier—as a *deserter*—regarded as a citizen—is a *traitor* against his country, his guilt in both cases being of peculiar aggravation. For two years he has been held in confinement for his military crimes, liable to trial by court martial; but on the 19th of this present month he was released from his military confinement and handed over to the civil powers.

His crime as a *deserter* was bad enough.—He deserted his flag and employed the skill and science as a soldier which his country had aided him to obtain in his effort to destroy her, and gave such "aid and comfort" to her enemies as no other deserter in all her military history had done; and yet, without so much as a word of reproof, was he remitted from confinement. What soldier hereafter can be punished for desertion in the American army with this fatal precedent established? What soldier *can* ever deserve punishment if this man does not? If the principle on which the military authorities of the United States passed by the crimes of Colonel Davis be true, must it not end for ever military discipline?

But great as was his guilt as a *deserter*, his crime as a *rebel* had features of even greater malignancy and atrocity. Placed in the highest seat in the councils of his country, and prominent in the direction of her government, this man plotted long and coolly for her dishonor and destruction. He was not an insurgent goaded to forcible resistance to unjust oppression, but a deliberate conspirator who long contemplated and long planned the ruin of his country. Posterity will so regard him.

But, strange to say, this rebel was not detained a prisoner by the civil authorities of the land so much as a single hour! No sooner was he relieved from military restraint and made amenable to the law of the land than haste was made immediately to discharge him. His first appearance in a court of justice after his bloody work of treason had been done was rather in the character of a hero than a criminal. The judge of the United States who presided, thinking the occasion one of unusual importance from the presence of such distinguished men assembled on the occasion, commanded that the ordinary routine of the opening of his court should be omitted, thus dispensing, as it were, with even the formality of justice. Crowds of enthusiastic admirers awaited his arrival, and, in the very temple of justice, this arch-criminal was received with plaudits and congratulations.

Not to his political friends was confined this expression of admiration, if not approval. There stood some who *knew his guilt*, whose tongues and pens had told it to the world, ready to extend to him the expression of friendly sympathy, and to afford him, too, substantial aid. Aye, this man, dripping as it were with the blood of half a million murdered citizens, against whom have risen to Heaven the cries and tears of countless mothers wives, and sisters, whose cheerless homes tell them daily of *his* fatal work—who has burdened the country with the heavy taxes under which it groans, and who stands before mankind as the leader of the most unjustifiable rebellion against national authority the world has ever seen, is received on this remarkable occasion with the plaudits of his friends and the sympathy of his foes.

If this guilty man may thus go free, of what use is law? Why should not less conspicious prisoners, and for less flagrant crimes, be let go free too? Why should we not have *a general jail delivery.*

Red Cloud, the Indian Leader.

Speaking of the forthcoming war on the plains, the Reese River *Reveille* says:

The great leader of the Indians is Red Cloud, or Mahpillian, who is represented as one of the ablest Indian warriors of any time. He is about thirty-five years of age, tall, handsome, athletic and perfect in his horsemanship as in his physical appearance. He has commanded in several battles previous to the massacre of Colonel Fetterman's command, and has never been whipped. He was at Laramie last spring, at the treaty-making, and refused signing and treating it as such cuts offered, but left with the declaration that his country should never be occupied by the whites, nor garrisoned by them, nor should their roads cross it. Then he was at the head of but 300 warriors of the Ogalallah Sioux, but his marshaling 3,000 at Fort Phillip Kearney shows the influence he has over others, and his determination to make his threat good. He is an energetic and able warrior, and he who conquers Red Cloud will do more than he who conquered Tecumseh, or Black Hawk, or Osceola.

A Presidential Calculation.

A writer in the New York *Evening Post* has been making an estimate of the comparative strength of political parties in the country, and what the result of an election would be in certain contingencies which are not wholly unlikely to occur. Giving the Democrats all the unorganized States and Connecticut, the Republicans would have 220 electoral votes to 99 for the Democrats:

"If New York be given to the Democrats, the Republicans would still have in the electoral college one hundred and eighty-seven votes, to one hundred and thirty-two Democrats. If New York and Pennsylvania are both given to the Democrats, this would make the electoral college stand one hundred and sixty-one Republicans to one hundred and fifty-eight Democrats. If Connecticut, which is given to the Democrats in the list, should go Republican, this would give the Republicans fifteen majority, with the loss to them of New York and Pennsylvania. If the Republicans should lose these States and New Jersey, and gain Connecticut, they would still have a majority in the electoral college."

Assuming that the unorganized States will be sufficiently rehabilitated to vote at the next Presidential election, the contest will be close enough to be interesting, to say the least.

The Fenians.—The Buffalo *Express* is decidedly of opinion that the Fenians are preparing for another attack on Canada. It says that the Fenian organization has greatly increased in perfectness and strength during the past year. Its enrolled troops are not less than one hundred thousand men in all the United States—and the numbers may exceed that. It has an abundance of arms and munitions for an army of that magnitude. These are conveniently located at points on the frontier available for use at an hour's notice. All arms, munitions and stores that have been in store in New York City have gone forward under circumstances that have avoided observation and attention on either side of the line. Where these are, those who are to use them know, and at the proper time will find them.

The President Gone to Raleigh.

Washington, D. C. June 1, 1867.

The President left at six o'clock this evening on the trip to Raleigh, accompanied by Secretary Seward and Col. Moore, his Private Secretary. His departure was in striking contrast to his trip to Chicago last summer. Then he was escorted to the depot by large delegations of people of this city, while now a couple of private carriages containing the Presidential party wended their way to the Richmond boat in a most unostentatious manner. The Secretary of State did not make up his mind to accompany the President until a few hours before his departure. The party will arrive in Richmond at midnight, and remain in that city at the Spottswood House during Sunday. The train for Raleigh will leave on Monday morning. The same suite of rooms have been assigned to the President that were occupied by Jeff Davis during his recent visit to that city. At the White House, before the President left, all of the Cabinet now in the city were on hand to bid the President farewell. Chief Justice Chase was also present, and had a brief private interview with the President.

[From the Albany Evening Journal.]

THE CROPS.

Reports from Nevada are favorable.

A large area is being planted in Oregon.

In Maine, everything looks well.

In Minnesota, there is a scarcity of wheat.

In Arkansas, the season is very backward.

In North Carolina, the fall crops look well.

In Texas crops are progressing finely.

In Michigan, there is every prospect of a bounteous yield of wheat.

In this State, the prospect of fruits and grain is unusually auspicious.

Ohio promises a profusion of peaches, and wheat is doing splendid.

In Pennsylvania, the wheat never gave promise of a better crop.

In Nebraska, they have one of the finest shows for a good crop of grain ever known.

In Kansas, there will be unusally large crops of wheat and corn raised.

The prospects in Canada are extraordinarily good.

The Vermont farmers are sowing wheat largely.

The peaches and other fruit crops in Delaware are very flattering.

In Mississippi, the prospects of wheat and corn are very flattering.

A large crop of wheat is anticipated in South Carolina.

In Tennessee, there was never such a growth of wheat seen before.

In Alabama, they are planting wheat and corn largely.

The Maryland peach yield will exceed last year, and wheat is growing rapidly.

In Missouri, the grain crop will be the largest and finest ever known. Peaches have been killed in some counties.

In West Virginia, the prospect of fruit is promising. The winter wheat looks well, but a less quantity was sown than usual.

In Virginia, the wheat crop looks splendid, and oats, corn and tobacco will be at least equal to the average.

The New Hampshire farmers are planting and sowing largely. Winter wheat not injured.

Iowa promises at least an average yield of wheat, and there are no unfavorable indications relative to fruit.

The grain crops of California are in fine condition, and much more land has been sown than formerly.

The indications in Connecticut favor a good fruit season, and grain is doing well there.

In Rhode Island, the indications are that there will be unusually large grain and fruit crops.

Wheat is growing magnificently in Illinois. A great quantity has been sown. The peach crop is likely to be marvelously abundant, with every other variety of fruit.

In Indiana, the wheat indications were never more promising, and the prospects for a good crop are really flattering. Fruit has seldom been better.

The Kentucky tobacco crop, it is feared, will prove a failure; the oat crop will be short, the peaches were killed in the bud, and wheat looks tolerably well.

In Florida, the prospects are very discouraging, but the average crop will far surpass previous years. The farmers have been drowned out by freshets.

In Georgia, an extraordinary wheat year is anticipated. Oats will give an abundant yield. The rice prospects are good. Cotton planting is progressing satisfactorily.—Grain is being planted largely.

In Louisiana, the peach and plum trees have been injured by the frost. Oranges, figs and grapes unharmed. The prospect is dark on the alluvial lands—owing to the breaks in the levees.

The high price of flour has given an impetus again to wheat raising in New England, and much more land has been sown. The yield of hay will be large. The prospect of a large crop of fruit of all kinds is favorable.

In New Jersey the season has been backward, but crops are looking finely. The peach prospect is good. Strawberries and blackberries are in first-rate condition. Apples and pears are also good.

The Modern Montezuma.

Juarez, the conqueror of Mexico, on whose will rests the fate of Maximilian, it is not generally known is a pure-blooded Indian. It adds a dramatic interest to the news of the

[illegible] that the man who has driven Napoleon and his foreign cohorts from our continent, and carried the colors of the Republic from Vera Cruz to Mexico, is a full-blooded descendant of the old Montezumas. He avenges to-day on Europe the wrongs of his country for centuries, and the young and accomplished Archduke of Austria must expiate in his person the crimes and cruelties of the days of Cortez. It seems in our times as if history could not but be dramatic.

The new ruler of Mexico, who has won his right to govern by the sword, as well as the choice of the people, is a polished and liberally-educated gentleman. Our conventional idea of an Indian makes it almost impossible for us to think of the Liberal chieftain as a person who has received an accomplished academic, legal, and philosophical education, but such is the case. How it must have worn and wearied such a man to have striven for years with the wretched material which forms the armies of Mexico, we can well conceive, and it is painful to think that his hard-earned success, won by such indomitable energy and pluck, will in all probability result in so little.

This interesting indication of the life and vigor that still animates the old blood of Mexico suggests a pregnant reflection. This race we so despise has produced a great man, and as long as that can be done it is a living race. What right have we to despise or condemn any race until it has been fairly tried and tested?—*Philadelphia Press.*

Russian America.

Mr. Sumner has written out and published in pamphlet form what purports to be an argument made by him in the Senate in favor of the ratification of the Russian treaty. In no proper sense is it a speech. It is rather a treatise in which he labored to embody all that is known of the History and Geography of the Territory. Of course, its compass is too bulky for newspaper circulation; and, probably, he has too much sense to complain that publishers do not incur the expense of supplemental sheets to let their readers see what he has said. The reasons he assigns for the acquisition have been epitomised thus:

"1. The possession of Russian America will be a good thing for the Pacific Coast, and will help us in securing the trade of the East. 2. We have always had a passion for extending our domain. 3. Our buying this land will contribute to the spread of Republican institutions. 4. It will bother the British. 5. It will please the Russians."

He proposes to name the territory Alaska.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

The Impunity of Treason.

It is reported that John C. Breckinridge has been waiting in Paris to see what would be done to Jeff. Davis, before he ventured again under the Stars and Stripes. If this is so, Mr. Breckinridge will soon be packing his valise and landing in New York. Mr. Mason, also, and Mr. Slidell, and Mr. Sanders, and the whole of that secession clique who "left their country for their country's good," may now return home, if they wish *to do it*, and live in peace under the Government they sought to ruin. Even if they should be taken into court, they will feel a sweet assurance that they will come out again safe and sound. The case of Jeff. Davis is a precedent that covers all their cases. If the head and front of the rebellion, to apprehend whom the Government paid $100,000, is to go free—and who doubts it?—all the tail ends and minor members of the defunct organization may well deem themselves perfectly secure. Treason may be punished in its activity with shot and shell—with the same fate it deals out to its loyal victims—but once disarmed, it is acquitted. That is to say, future traitors will have learned this lesson from the slaveholders' rebellion: if they succeed, an empire is theirs, if they fail, they are just as well off as others. Truly, if "republics are ungrateful," they are magnanimous enough to make it up.—*Lancaster Examiner.*

The letter of Secretary McCulloch, to Boston, shadows a heavy falling off in the revenue for the remaining months of the fiscal year. The causes assigned will probably prove satisfactory to the people at large. He is not without confidence that the country can be brought to a healthy financial condition without any serious derangement of business, believing the causes now operating against us to be but temporary and exceptional. He speaks encouragingly of our prospects for a good crop, and of the general good times to be enjoyed during the coming year.—*Pitts. Gazette.*

New Advertisements.

STRAYED.

STRAYED FROM THE SUBSCRIBER, ON Friday, May 31st, 1867, a dark brown mare, about 8 years old. Any person giving information or securing the same, will be liberally rewarded, at the Saw & Door Factory, Rochester, Pa.

jes'67:2t. M. MILLER & CO.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned propose to sell at Public auction, on Saturday June 15, 1867, at 10 o'clock A. M. on the farm of Wilson Cunningham, in Chippewa township, the Engine, Machinery, Tools, Rope and Lumber belonging to the Highland Oil Company.

By order of the Company.

J. CUNNINGHAM, }
J. BRADEN, } Directors.
M. TOWNSEND. }

Jun5'67:2t.

U. S. INTERNAL REVENUE TAX.

Collector's Office, 24th District, Pa., Brighton, June 3d, 1867.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS who have been assessed for, Income or License, (special tax under the Excise Laws of the United States in Beaver County, that their taxes are now due and payable, and that the Collector will be at the Huron House, New Brighton, June 24th: at the Doncaster House, Rochester, June 25, and at G. W. Hamilton's office, Beaver, June 26, in person or by Deputy, to receive the same; and if said taxes are not paid within the time above mentioned, the person or persons so neglecting or refusing to pay, shall be liable to five per centum, and one per centum per month additional upon the amount thereof. United States or National funds only taken in payment.

A. ROBERTSON, Collector.

Hubbard Mowers and Reapers!

The Best Machine in the U. S.!

AT THE GREAT NATIONAL FIELD TRIAL OF Mowers and Reapers, held at Auburn, N. Y. July, 1866, and lasting three weeks, Grand Gold Medal and highest premium was awarded to the Hubbard Combined Mower & Reaper with self-rake attached as the best Combined Machine. At the Grand Mowing trial of the Franklin Institute, held at Syracuse, N. Y. in August, 1865, the first premium Grand Gold Medal was awarded to the Hubbard. The Hubbard also took for six successive years the first premium at the Ohio Fairs.

For Sale by

HARVEY M'COWN,
Enon Valley, Pa.

may23'67:2t]

ALL AROUND THE WORLD!

THE FIRST PREMIUM Of a Silver Medal WAS AWARDED TO BARRETT'S HAIR RESTORATIVE By the N. H. State Agricultural Society, at its Fair, holden in Nashua, Sept. 26, 1866.

BARRETT'S Vegetable Hair Restorative

Restores Gray Hair to its Natural Color; promotes the growth of the Hair; changes the roots to their original organic action; eradicates Dandruff and Humors; prevents Hair falling out; is a superior Dressing. It contains no injurious ingredients, and is the most popular and reliable article throughout the East, West, North, and South.

J. R. BARRETT & CO., Proprietors, MANCHESTER, N. H.

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS GENERALLY.

AGENTS—JOHN MOORE, Beaver; MORGAN CRAIG, New Brighton. [June5'67:6m

THE GREAT RADICAL NEWSPAPER.

FORNEY'S PRESS.

NO COMPROMISE WITH TRAITORS.

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER IN THE COUNTRY.

THE PRESS

A first-class Double-sheet Eight-page paper, containing Forty-eight columns.

Published Every Morning, Southwest corner of Seventh and Chestnut streets, Philadelphia.

TERMS:

DAILY PRESS.

$8.00 per annum.
$4.00 for six months.
$2.00 for three months.

TRI-WEEKLY PRESS

$4.00 per annum.
$2.00 for six months.
$1.00 for three months.

THE SUNDAY PRESS

$2.00 per annum.
$1.00 for six months.

THE WEEKLY PRESS,

THE MOST VALUABLE WEEKLY NEWSPAPER IN THE WORLD.

It contains items of interest to every one.

READ THE TERMS.

One Copy	$2.00 per annum
Five Copies	9.00 "
Ten Copies	17.00 "
Twenty Copies	32.00 "

To the getter up of a Club of Ten or more Copies an extra copy will be given.

All orders should addressed to,

JOHN W. FORNEY,
Editor and Proprietor.
S. W. cor. Seventh and Chestnut sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa.

je5'67:4t.

Raccoon Township Local Bounty Account in full for the Years 1864, '65, and '66

The School Directors in account with the District per Treasurer, James Shellito, dec'd. 1867.

	DR.	CR.
To Cash received on Bonds	$45 000	
By Warrant		95 000
ALEX. EWING, Treasurer	DR.	CR.
To Cash on Bonds	3,505 61	
" Tax levied per Duplicate, 1864	2,987 74	
	6,493 35	
By Warrants		6,477 50
" Lost Tax		63 99
" 2½ per cent. pd Treas. Col. & Disbursing		16 05
		6,493 35
By Balance paid Wm. Ewing, Treasurer		31 00
		6,462 74
WM. EWING, Treasurer, for the year 1865.		DR.
To Balance from A. Ewing		21 99
Tax Levied per Duplicate 1865		3,301 39
		3,323 39
		CR.
By warrants		3,267 54
" Exonerations		38 99

The Beaver Argus.

BEAVER, JUNE 5TH, 1867.

Local and Miscellaneous.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., 51 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for THE ARGUS in that city.

New Advertisements.

The attention of the public is directed to the following new advertisements, which appear for the first time in THE ARGUS to-day:

Hair Restorative—J. R. Barrett & Co.
Newspaper—Forney's Press.
Surveyed—M. Miller & Co.
Internal Revenue Tax—A. Robertson.
Public Auction—Oil Co. Directors.
County Account—Raccoon tp.
Adm'r. Notice—S. J. Cross.
Hubbard Mower—H. McGowan.
Special Notice—Watt Gealy.

THANKS.—Hon. A. L. Russel, Adjutant General of this State, has our thanks for a copy of his report for the year 1866.

RUN OFF.—A hired negro girl in the employ of Dr. Marquis, ran off on the same night that one of the robberies occurred in Rochester, taking about $30 worth of the Doctor's valuables with her.

ACQUITTED.—Mary E. Cramarine of Washington county, who was tried last week by the Court then in session in that county, for the murder of the husband of a lady whose adopted child she was, was acquitted of the crime imputed to her, on the ground of insufficiency of proof to sustain the charge.

CLEANING UP.—Street-commissioner Fogg, we see, has been around with a horse and wagon, cleaning the stone from the street. A good idea. Beaver is a dusty place.

A LARGE DELEGATION.—Washington county sent a large delegation last week to the Penitentiary. It numbered seven persons, all told. Their names, terms of sentences and crimes were as follows: H. A. Elsworth, burglary, eight years; John D. Steep and John Sacry, burglary, five years each; Edward Wilkes, robbery, three years; Frank L. Steer, larceny, two years; Wm. Thompson (colored) larceny, two years; and the notorious John Lennox for eight years.

"Hope is an anchor to the soul."

And such a hope as is obtained by those afflicted with premature baldness, or any disease of the scalp, in the purchase of a bottle of "Barrett's Hair Restorative," can never be taken from you—sold by all Druggists.

LOST.—A widow lady whose husband fell in the service of his country, in traveling from the West to this place lost a pocket-book at New Galilee, on the 24th of April, containing two promissory notes amounting respectively to one hundred and seventy-five dollars, a government bond for one hundred dollars, some fifteen or twenty dollars in small bills, besides a railroad ticket and other papers of value only to the owner. The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving it at the house of Mrs. Grant in New Galilee, or at this office.

HORSES APPROPRIATED.—Two of Mr. Claney's horses, of Baden, this county, were unceremoniously taken possession of last Thursday night week, by some roving robbers. From thence they were ridden successively by them, where they were left, they being too worn-out to be used longer; and two other horses, of some citizen of that town, were taken in their stead. These were ridden till near Allegheny city, when they too were put aside, and they attempted to procure more from the stable of a German living near. The noise, however, awakened the German, and he rushed out of the house and pursued them. They jumped off the horses, and fled into the woods near, leaving all the horses behind. They were all secured by their three owners.

WARNER.—At the exhibition of Haight & Chamber's menagerie and circus on Wednesday night of last week, a severe battle, it is said, at one time was looked for. Some of the spectators got into an altercation with the showmen, and from words they came to blows, and it was not until bloody noses were quite numerous, and pistols and knives were brandished, that the belligerents were separated and order restored. "Slungshots," "handy-billies," &c., &c., did a "smashing" business for a little while.

NOT ANNOYED IN THE BILLS.—A singular circumstance occurred in the menagerie and circus of Haight & Chambers, Rochester, this county, while exhibiting in that place on last Wednesday. In one of the cages were two large lions—a lion and a lioness.—The latter, about the time the performances commenced, gave birth to a young whelp. The keeper, on being informed of the circumstance by a spectator, repaired to the cage, and found that the lion had taken the whelp from its mother, and was giving it the attention which brutes usually give their young. The keeper undertook at once to get the whelp from the "old lion." This was resisted. He then got a spear and commenced plunging it into the lion for the purpose of driving him away, but all to no purpose. He fell on to the whelp, and then destroyed it, rather than have it taken from him. The lions were so enraged at what had taken place, that none of the attendants ventured in the cage during the exhibition. The young whelp would have been a valuable addition to the menagerie, and the company were quite sorry that its life was thus suddenly terminated.

ATTEMPT AT SUICIDE.—A young lady, by name McDonald, threw herself from the Rochester ferry boat into the water, as it was crossing the river from that town to Phillipsburgh, on Wednesday of last week, with the intention of drowning herself. A man in a skiff in the vicinity, however, had his attention directed to her, and rowed to, and drew her up from the water, she repenting of her rash attempt to hurry herself into eternity, having kept herself above the surface of the water till he reached her. Before leaping in, she had divested herself of her shawl, balmoral, shoes, and other clothing. Her father who lives, with her, in Logstown Bottom, this county, receiving the news of the distressing event, came to Rochester, and took her home. The young lady was partially out of her mind at the time of the sad occurrence.

OUR NEW DRESS, &c.—We this week send the *Argus* into patrons in a new dress. The paper is now printed on the having a much smaller body than the letter some time also used, and the difference in the amount of reading matter will equal about four columns. The much increasing circulation of the paper and its extensive advertising patronage, obliged us either to enlarge it or to reduce to a smaller type in its publication. We determined upon the latter, and we think the readers of the paper will be pleased with the improvement, and agree with us that there are but few country papers in Western Pennsylvania that make a better appearance than the *Argus* now does, or that contain more local or general news.

The new material was purchased at the Chicago Type Foundry—an establishment that is doing an extensive business throughout the Western States. John Caskey, Esq., formerly of this county, and well known to most our citizens, is one of its proprietors, and his old friends in this locality will be pleased to learn that he is prospering financially, and is highly pleased with his Western home.

THE MINDEMOVEN MURDER. The Coroner's Inquest on the Middletown murder case, re-assembled at the Academy in Fallston on Friday the 31st, at 9 A. M., pursuant to adjournment, and examined four or five additional witnesses. Nothing of importance was elicited, the testimony in the main being merely cumulative. Witnesses had been subpœnaed whose testimony it was thought would throw some light upon the mystery, but from some cause or other they failed to attend. It is the intention to make the investigation thorough, and no stone will be left unturned to give the authorities all the facts possible in any prosecution that may follow. After examining all the witnesses present, the inquest adjourned to meet at the same place on Monday, June 24th, unless sooner called together by the coroner.

A FAMILY POISONED.—A short time ago, a family named Welch, living near Salineville, Columbiana county, were poisoned under the following circumstances: For the purpose of destroying some rats a quantity of arsenic was mixed up, by a member of the family, with some corn meal, and placed where these beasts would likely get some of the mixture. Another member of the family, not knowing what had been done, used this mixture in the making of mush, and soon after the family partook of it, they all became sick. Medical attendance was procured, an emetic administered, and three of the family immediately got relief, while two others are still quite ill, and fears are entertained that they will not recover.

EDITOR OF THE ARGUS: The success of schools, we believe, to a great extent depends upon the interest taken in them by the public in general. And we think nothing is more deserving of the attention of the people than the education of the youth. We therefore solicit the co-operation of the good people of Beaver and vicinity, in the laudable undertaking. Can we have the presence and assistance of the friends of education in our educational meetings?

We expect to have our first session Saturday, June 15th, and of the hour of convening, we shall give due notice.

In these meetings, we propose to have under consideration the different methods of teaching, and if possible, by the free interchange of opinion concerning the same, to thereby be the better prepared for the responsible duties of the school room.

Many who have never taught a day, in public school, have good ideas upon the subject of teaching: and certainly all who have engaged in that profession, feel interested and will favor us with their help.

A little time can be spent in this way pleasantly, it may be, to yourselves, and certainly with great profit to us as teachers; and you may thus render much valuable service to the cause of education.

Some time will be devoted to class drills; some to eachers; and some to reading the contributions of the "Periodicals," if such shall be given, and such other exercises as may seem necessary to add interest and variety to the institute.

An invitation is also extended to all, to visit our school, as frequently as may be practicable, and make themselves acquainted with the workings of the school, and by becoming acquainted with our plans and designs, we hope you will become identified with the interests of our school. We will also say that this will offer you a good opportunity to see any defects which may be in our modes of teaching or school regulations, and any suggestions concerning the same will be gladly received, and adopted if the same may recommend itself as beneficial, and likely to be conducive of good.

PRIN. BEAVER PUB. SCHOOL.

DISTRESSING OCCURRENCE.—A Washington, Pa., correspondent of the Pittsburgh *Commercial* of May 29 writes to that paper as follows: "It becomes my painful duty to give you an account of a most distressing occurrence. Last night, about half past eleven o'clock a young lady named Miss Nancy Jordan (who had been making a friendly call to see her next neighbor, and was returning home) thought she heard some one trying to enter her father's house by the back door. She hurried into the house very much scared, and informed her brother, John Jordan, of her impressions. He told her to get him his pistol, and then he stepped out the front door, and around the back part of the house, but did not see any one for some time. In a few minutes the lightning flashed (for it was stormy) and he saw a man as he supposed crouching down in the rear of the house. He, without taking a second thought, fired away, and ran into the house. It was but a few minutes until the neighborhood was aroused, when it was discovered that he shot a lad about sixteen years old, named Charles Chesly, a son of the neighbor whom Miss Jordan had been visiting. Young Chesly stated when they found him that he in a spirit of mischief had followed Miss Jordan to scare her and that he was lingering around to see if he had accomplished his purpose. He cannot possibly live being shot through the breast. Mr. Jordan feels very much distressed at what he has done, as the two families were on the best of terms. Owing to the fact that we have had so many murders and robberies perpetrated in our county lately, the public exonorate Jordan from blame. He has offered to give himself up, but the authorities will not receive him."

DEMOCRATIC ANNOUNCEMENTS.—The last *Local* announces Samuel Barnes of Rochester township, and John J. Carothers of Hanover township, as candidates for the Legislature; John Glass of New Brighton as a candidate for Associate Judge; John Hall of Hanover township, and Martin L. Knight of Industry township, as candidates for Prothonotary; J. R. Hays of Brighton township, as a candidate for Treasurer; A. J. Jolly of Phillipsburgh, and David Patton of Hanover township, as candidates for Commissioner; George C. Minis of Economy township, as a candidate for Jury Commissioner; James Alcorn of Ohio township, and James Jackson of North Sewickley township, as candidates for Poor House Director; John C. Reed of Independence township, as a candidate for Auditor; and S. B. French of Beaver, and David A. Lowry of Freedom, as candidates for Trustees of Academy.

The nonsensical "stuff" appended to each of these names, as they appear in the *Local*, clearly shows that the men themselves have not been consulted in the matter, and that they had nothing to do with furnishing them for publication. The whole thing is evidently the work of two or three men in Beaver.

DISABLED SOLDIERS AS PEDLERS.—As a number of disabled soldiers have addressed the Executive and the Secretary of State, as to the exact wording of the act passed by the last Legislature, permitting them to peddle by procuring a license therefor, without charge, we give the bill in full. It is as follows:

"That every honorably discharged soldier, who is a resident of this State, and who, from wounds or on account of disease contracted while in the military or naval service of the United States, and on account of such disability is unable to procure a livelihood by manual labor, shall have the right to hawk, peddle and vend any goods, wares, and merchandize within the Commonwealth, by procuring a license for that purpose, issued without cost: provided, that before any such soldier shall be entitled to the benefits of this act he shall obtain a certificate from an examining surgeon of the United States that he is unable to procure his living by manual labor and shall also procure a certificate from the prothonotary of any county in the State that he has filed in the office of said prothonotary his affidavit, setting forth that he is the *bona fide* owner, in his own right, of all the goods, wares, and merchandise which he proposes to hawk, peddle, and vend, and that he will not engage to sell the same for any person or persons whatever; and provided further, that the aforesaid certificates, together with such person's discharge from the military service, or an exemplified copy thereof, shall be full and conclusive evidence of such person's right to the benefits of this act.

ROBBERIES COMMITTED.—On the night of last Friday week, the store of Mr. Henry Seely, in Rochester, this county, was entered by robbers, by the back window. They abstracted some shinplasters, cakes, and candies, and withdrew. The money happened to be worthless counterfeit shinplasters and a few dilapidated five-cent pieces.

Mr. F. A. Fortune's dry goods store, in the same town, on the same night, and probably by the same robbers, was attempted to be entered by the back door. The noise they made, however, caused a large dog in the store to bark, which aroused a boy sleeping in the store, and the robbers fled, leaving behind a block of hickory, with which they intended to expedite their entrance.

The dwelling house of Mr. Nelson, same place, was also entered by burglars, on last Thursday night. They effected an entrance by one of the windows. After helping themselves to a good deal of silverware, various pies, cakes, &c., they departed.

IMPERTINENCE REBUKED.—After the jury in the Lennox murder case in Washington county week before last rendered their verdict of "guilty of murder in the second degree," the Hon. Wm. Montgomery, in appealing for a new trial of the prisoner, took occasion to denounce the jury and charge that the members composing it were guilty of nothing less than perjury. At this point Judge Acheson stopped Montgomery and informed him that he would not suffer him to stand at his place at the bar and thus asperse a Washington county jury, and especially one that he had himself, while arguing the case, taken occasion to compliment as possessing more intelligence than any jury he had ever addressed.

Nothing less than checks of brass would have failed to flush at so pointed a rebuke; but we venture the opinion that Montgomery's impudence was not in the least affected by it. It was only fear of the judicial ermine that induced him to subside when his Honor Judge Acheson ordered him to do so.

Highly Interesting to Farmers—Cleveland Agricultural Works.

CLEVELAND, May 29, 1867.

HARVEY MCCOWN ESQ.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of the 27th, asking of me answers to some inquiries contained therein, regarding the Great National Reaper & Mower trial held at Auburn N. Y., last July, is received, and I will now endeavor to give you the information desired.

I attended the trial referred to, and was a deeply interested observer of its proceedings, (which lasted nearly three weeks) knowing that it was one of the most important and exhaustive trials ever held in this country.

Although mowers were thoroughly tested the great interest in the trial centered in Self Raking Reapers, and Combined Reapers & Mowers. It is now the admitted fact on every hand that the great *desideratum* is a successful Combined Machine—Combining a first class Mower, and a first class Self Raking Reaper. The peculiarities and qualities of the different first class Mowers were already well known before this trial, and but little additional information could be gained. The Self Rakers were however considered by many as being as yet imperfected experiments, and the preponderating interest at this trial was to ascertain what perfection had been attained in this direction. Knowing this to be the fact, and that we had combined with our machine the best Self Raker in the world, and believing that no machine could get more than one of the premiums the proprietors of the Hubbard made an effort to get the premium for Self Raking Combined Reaper & Mower acknowledged by all to be the most important premium offered but "made no fight" on the mower. In fact the Hubbard machine, that took the premium, was not entered as mower alone, it was entered *only* in the class that it took the Gold Medal on. It moved however in competition with the other machines as "Combined machines" includes mower as well as reaper, and its record was very good, better than the Buckeye Machine manufactured by Aultman Miller & Co. The Buckeye Machine that took the premium was made by Adrian Platt & Co., of Poughkeepsie N. Y., and was of different construction than the Buckeyes, made in this State, and was got up in splendid style

A. P. & Co., had two Buckeyes on the ground, one had 3 inch sections the other 3½ section. The frame of the Machine was of wood, and its shape, position of parts, &c., quite different from the Buckeye made here. Aultman Miller & Co., entered for 3 premiums and came no where near getting either. So we do not see that *they have any thing to brag of*. Below we give you the record of draft which shows the Hubbard as lighter than any of the Buckeyes, compared with width of cut and considerably lighter than the Buckeyes made in this State.

Yours Truly
A. H. MASSEY.

Dynamometer Test at National Trial.

Auburn N. Y., July, 1866. (from judges report) Hubbard width of swarth 4ft. 5 inches; average draft 182 2-100 lbs. Hubbard, width of swarth 4ft. 6 inches; average draft 202 82-100.

Buckeye, (Aultman Miller & Co.) width of swarth; 3ft. 9 inches; average draft 206 65-100 lbs.

Buckeye, (Aultman Miller & Co.) width of swarth 3ft. 11 ½ inches; average draft 220 4-100 lbs.

Buckeye, (Adrian Platt & Co.) width of swarth 3ft, 9½ inches; average draft 180 56-100 lbs.

Buckeye, (Andrian Platt & Co) width of swarth 4 feet, 1½ inches; average draft 186 74-100.

Farmers may rely on the above as being correct, and if they want a good Mower, and a good Reaper, they would do well to consult Harvey McCowan, Enon Valley, Pa., before purchasing elsewhere.

June 5, 1867.

EDITOR ARGUS: I think that the *Local* makes a "huge" mistake in its guess, as to where "Farmer" lives, and the occupation he pursues. And if I am not also mistaken as to his identity, I can assure the editor of that paper, that he has not the remotest chance of getting up a controversy with your correspondent "Farmer." For the latter knows, as does almost every person else, that however truthful a proposition may be in itself, it is generally looked upon as false, after being uttered by Odell. To castigate a man then who is so "run-down-in-the-heel" as to be disbelieved by four-fifths of his neighbors, is very much like kicking a dog after he is dead—a thing which no respectable "Farmer" ever does. Rest easy, then, Odell! There is no controversy in prospective here. A word more, Odell, says something about "propogating." Now, don't you think Mr. Editor, that if some person would make a motion against the multiplication of the Odell species, and move the previous question, that it would be sustained, and the original motion voted for by nearly all who know him? This would be done on the ground that it would be better for the world, and more creditable to the race, if no more like him were born.

"FARMER" NO. 2.

MRS. CATHARINE MONROE.

BY REV. J. MURRAY.

Catharine Monroe, the subject of this notice, was the wife of our honored, and venerable father Monroe, of the Pittsburgh Conference.

God has seen fit to honor them both, with a long and happy life: and blessed the world with as perfect an example of the practical workings of pure religion in this venerable pair, as we find in mortals in their best estate. Sister Monroe though of a feeble constitution, withstood the fury of life's blasts, until her eighty-first year, and then without any protracted confinement passed sweetly and triumphantly from the battles of life to the triumphs of the blest.

Mother Monroe was of a retiring spirit.—Modest in her professions, and humble in her pretensions. Though strong in her confidence in God, she felt that she was nothing in herself. Others would say for her in the language of Paul, "If others have whereof they may boast," she more. In natural parts she was equal to most of her sex; but in the improvement of her mind, she was excelled by few. She carefully read Coke's, Clark's and Benson's Commentaries regularly through from first to last. Watson's Institute and Sermons, Wesley's Morrises' and Massilon's Sermons, Biographies and Church histories, in short there is nothing in Methodist theology to which she was a stranger; but the great excellency of her reading has yet to be named; she read the Bible through in order every year. After saying what I have, it might be thought superfluous to add, that she was deeply pious. The unconverted said when she died, "If Mother Monroe does not get to heaven there is no use in any one trying."—It is not enough to say that she had no enemies, but the idea is better expressed, when I say she was loved and admired by all who knew her. Bishops and distinguished Divines were her guests, both in early and later years, and through all her life it was her delight to entertain them, and enjoy their spiritual conversation. But she is gone to the home of the pure and the blest, and has left behind, for a short space, the companion of her youth. Forty-seven years, they walked together, united by the bonds of a purest wedlock.—these bonds have been severed by death, and that which seemed by long association to have become a unit, has been divided, part has gone and part remains; but the separation will not be long. The strong man trembles, sight and hearing are nearly gone, but faith more than supplies the place of defective vision, and as earth fades in the shadowy distance, the heavenly appears in sight.

I know that Father Monroe will have an interest in the prayers and sympathies of all who know him. If I were to enter into detail, I could lengthen this obituary, to columns, and still leave much untold of the pre eminent excellencies of our departed sister, but enough, I think, has been recited to provoke the living to imitate her virtues, as a Methodist and a Christian.

MARRIED.

DAWSON—PARKINS.—On the 23d inst., at Athens Athens county, Ohio, by Rev. Dr. Howard, Robert H. Dawson, of Beaver county, Pa., and Miss Rhoda L. Parkins, of Athens county.

MCMILLEN—WHITE.—On May 28th, by Rev. A. Dilworth, at the National Hotel, in Beaver, Mr. J. F. McMillen, of South Beaver tp., to Miss H. M. White of Chippewa tp.

CLOW—FINDLEY.—On the 29th, at Dayton, Ohio by the Rev. Findley, Mr. W. S. Clow to Miss —— Findley, daughter of the officiating clergyman.

On the 30th ult., by Rev John Brown, MR. JOHN FILBER, to MISS. MARY BAIER, all of New Sewickly township Beaver County, Pa.

DIED.

HOYT.—Mrs. Abigail Hoyt, wife of Samuel Hoyt, Esq., fell asleep in Jesus, near Industry, Beaver county, Feb. 22d, 1867, in the 66th year of her age.

For the space of forty-three years, she has bravely stood by her husband's side, discharging with constancy and fidelity the duties of wife and mother. Twenty-three years of her life were spent in communion with the "United Brethern" Church. During the last ten years of her life, she has been a faithful and devoted member of the M. E. Church.

A very short time before her death, the sacrament of the Lord's Supper was celebrated in her family. Thus she was permitted to "remember" her Savior in the presence of her own household. She soon after declared herself ready to leave the world at the Master's call, and in little time entered the heavenly rest. J. S. B.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ Go to Gealy's for all kinds of Milliners' goods. Cheapest in Beaver co.

☞ Go to Gealy's for Ladies' and Misses Hats.—Latest Styles, cheapest in Western Penna.

☞ Go to Gealy's for Ladies and Misses Shoes, Lasting and Morocco Gaiters, Congress Lasting, cheaper than the cheapest.

☞ Fine Dress Goods at Gealy's, call and see.

☞ Ladies' Cloths at Gealy's, cheaper than can be found any where.

ADMINISTRATORS NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of SYLVESTER DUNBAR, late of Rochester Borough, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will make known the same without delay, to
S. J. CROSS, Adm'r.
june5'67.6t.

THE PLACE TO BUY

CHEAP GOODS!

CALL AND

SEE THEM!

HAVING RECENTLY PURCHASED A COMPLETE AND FINE ASSORTMENT OF

DRY GOODS,
NOTIONS,
HARDWARE,
QUEENSWARE,
TINWARE,
GROCERIES, &c.

WE ARE PREPARED TO SELL AT ASTONISHINGLY LOW PRICES!

Prints..... 10 cents
Ginghams..... 18 "
Brown Muslin..... 12½ "
Bleached Muslin..... 11½ "

OTHER GOODS IN PROPORTION.

Call and see our goods. No charges for showing them. All kinds of Country Produce taken in exchange for Goods.

my8'67:3m ORR & DAWSON, Third street, Beaver, Pa.

SPRING & SUMMER GOODS!

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NEW STOCK OF GOODS, of the

LATEST STYLES,

For Spring and Summer Wear.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In latest and most fashionable styles, and at short notice.

WILLIAM REICH,
Stewart's Row, Bridge street,
oct1'66—my29'67 Bridgewater, Pa.

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE!

WILSON & UNDERWOOD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

TEAS,

AND

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,

NO. 15, SOUTH WEST DIAMOND,

(Adjoining Bepler Hotel,)

Allegheny City, Pa.

☞ One of the cheapest and best Wholesale and Retail Stores in the two cities. Call and examine our Stock and Prices. [my29'67:3m

WILL P. GRAHAM.....OWEN BYRNE.

GRAHAM & BYRNE,

Fashionable Hatters,

No. 52 St. Clair Street,

Between Liberty and Penn Sts., opp. St. Clair Hotel.

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

HATS, CAPS and STRAW GOODS,

Of every style and quality, at the very lowest prices.
may23'67:1y

C. F. WINTER.....W. L. BEDISON.

WINTER AND BEDISON,

(SUCCESSORS TO C. F. WINTER,)

DEALERS IN WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, Silver and Plated Wares, Musical Instruments, Notions, &c., &c.

☞ Special attention given to the repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Store: Cor. BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS, NEW BRIGHTON, PA. [jan2'67

Lime! Lime!

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING PURCHASED of the "Mulvannon Property," at Vanport, Beaver county, takes this means of informing the public that he intends manufacturing and keeping constantly on hand, the very best article of lime to be found anywhere. Persons desiring it, can have it delivered by teams at the river, at the Depot, or at any place in the surrounding villages or country. Will be sold at reasonable rates.
apr1'67:3m W. J. DUNN.

C. L. WENDT, M. D.,

HOMEOPATHIST,

NEW BRIGHTON, BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE ON LOCUST ST. between Railroad and Bridge sts. [my1'67:3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM MCCLELLAN, late of Pulaski twp., Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANK M'CLELLAND, New Brighton,
WM. M'CLELLAND, Pulaski township,
my15'67:6t Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of JAMES TENNIS, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate, are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

my1'67:6t SAMUEL TENNIS, Adm'r.

DRY GOODS!

—AT—

F. A. Fortune's

—IN THE—

DIAMOND, ROCHESTER, PA.

NEW DRESS GOODS,
NEW PRINTS,
NEW DELAINES,
and NEW MUSLINS.

—AT—

Greatly Reduced

PRICES!

NEW MILLINERY GOODS!

HATS, FLOWERS, RIBBONS, &c.

Having secured the Agency for the

Empire Sewing Machine

I respectfully solicit an examination of the same by the public.

This Machine is constructed on a new principle of mechanism, possessing many rare and valuable improvements, having been examined by the most profound experts, and pronounced to be simplicity and perfection combined.

In a mechanical point of view, the advantages we claim for the "EMPIRE MACHINE," are—

1st.—The method of driving the Needle Bar by a compound crank, which produces the same action as heretofore obtained by means of a Cam; but in a more durable and noiseless manner.

2d.—We use a rotating shaft above the table, and thus are enabled to give all the room required under the arm; without detriment to the durability of Machines; having a bearing directly over the Needle Bar.

3d.—Our Feed Wheel is a friction feed, and so constructed there is but one joint in transmitting the motion from the rock shaft to the wheel, and unlike all others, cannot be effected by oil or dust.

4th.—The Rock Shaft that works the Feed motion also drives the Shuttle. The bearings of this Shaft and Centres are hardened steel and adjustable, so that we can take up the lost motion at will.

The following are the principal objections urged against Sewing Machines:

1. Excessive fatigue to the operator.
2. Liability to get out of order.
3d. Expense, trouble, and loss of time in repairing.
4. Incapacity to sew every description of material.
5. Disagreeable noise while in operation.

The Empire Sewing Machine is Exempt from all these Objections.

It has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the lock or shuttle stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, from Leather to the finest Nansook Muslin, with cotton, linen, or silk thread, from the coarest to the finest number,

IT HEMS, FELLS, BINDS, BRAIDS, TUCKS, QUILTS, PLAITS, and GATHERS.

Having neither cam nor cog wheel, and the least possible friction, it runs as smooth as glass, and is

Emphatically a Noiseless Machine.

F. A. Fortune's,

RED FRONT,

Dry Goods Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

TINWARE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet-Iron Ware.

I PROPOSE KEEPING CONSTANTLY ON HAND all kinds of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE, which I will sell

AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

Tin Roofing, Spouting & Job Work

Done to order in the best possible manner, and at the shortest notice.

Using none but the best of material, and having none but the best of workmen,

WE WARRANT ALL WORK!

SHOP ON THE LOWER END OF

Third Street,

BEAVER, PA.

Give me a Call, and Examine our Stock.

Japanned ware kept constantly on hand.

my1'67:tf O. R. ANSHUTZ.

JUST OPENED!

—AT—

MRS. A. E. KOOKEN'S

Millinery Store,

ROCHESTER, PA.

A NEW AND GOOD ASSORTMENT OF SPRING MILLINERY GOODS,

Including Silk, Straw, and Mourning Bonnets, and Hats of every style and quality. Also, Ribbons, Flowers, Malines, Laces, Straw Cord, and Tarlatan, Crystal, Amber and Jet, Bugle Fringe and Ornaments.

STAMPED GOODS

Constantly on hand, or stamped to order with the new

FRENCH PERFORATED STAMPS & BLOCKS.

INDELIBLE STAMPING

Suitable for Ladies' and Children's clothing, warranted to wash on linen, cotton, or woolen goods.

Having received a

NEW AND IMPROVED PRESSING MACHINE,

AND THE LATEST STYLES, OF

BONNET AND HAT BLOCKS,

I am now prepared to alter, bleach and press straw goods in the best manner, and on short notice.
mar21'67:3m. A. E. KOOKEN.

FARMERS, READ THIS!

BUCKEYE

Mower and Reaper!

AGAIN TRIUMPHANT!

This extensively known, and deservedly popular Machine was submitted to the most vigorous test of its superiority, at a trial of competing machines that took place under the management of the New York Society, at Auburn, N. Y., in July, 1866. The committee consisted of eleven judges, and *forty* machines were entered as contestants for the prize. The trial lasted three weeks and the tests were most thorough. The result was announced at the State Fair held at Saratoga on the 12th of September last, and the

GRAND GOLD MEDAL

was then awarded the

BUCKEYE

as the machine

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS!

A similar testimony was awarded it in the same State in 1865. This machine is regarded by the thousands who can speak from experience, as the

Best in the World!

and is manufactured by the Incorporated Company of

C. AULTMAN & CO.

CANTON, OHIO.

Persons wanting any of these machines, can have them by applying to the undersigned, who is the agent for Beaver county.

JAMES PATTERSON,
apr17'67:3m New Galilee, Pa.

J. & H. PHILLIPS,

26 & 28 ST. CLAIR ST.,

Pittsburg, Pa.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
FURNITURE OIL CLOTHS,
ENAMELED OIL CLOTHS,
TABLE OIL CLOTHS,
STAIR OIL CLOTHS,

Transparent Green Oil Cloth,

for window shades,

Transparent Window Shades,

BUFF HOLLANDS,
SHADE FIXTURES,
TASSELS, CORDS, &c., &c

ALSO, DEALERS IN

India Rubber Machine Belting, Hose, Steam Packing, Casket, Tubing, Cement, Clothing, and Rubber goods generally.

Oak Tanned Leather Belting, Lace Leather, Belt Hooks, Rivets, Lubricating Steam Packing, &c.

Agents for the Universal Clothes Wringer.

A general assortment of the above named goods always on hand.

☞ Orders respectfully solicited and promptly filled. [my1'67:9m

W. A. ROSE, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,

Has permanently located in the TOWN OF ROCHESTER. Prompt attention given to all calls, excepting when professionally engaged.

☞ Office: Adjoining the "Mansion House," in the old Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Depot, Rochester, Pa. [my29'67:tf

SOMETHING

WONDERFUL!

AT

GEALY'S

NEW

Millinery, Trimming

AND

SHOE EMPORIUM!

TWO DOORS BELOW STILES & SHALLENBERGER'S WATER ST., BRIDGEWATER.

N. B.—I HAVE REMOVED TO THE ROOM formerly occupied by J. M. DICKEY, on Water st., where I will be glad to see all my old customers, and all others favoring me with a call.

I am now receiving a large and splendid Stock of latest Spring Styles of Millinery, Trimmings, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap.

MILLINERY,

Of every description—Silk and Straw Bonnets, Ladies' and Misses Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, Ruches, &c., &c.

TRIMMINGS,

Of all kinds, for Dresses and Sacques, Gimps, Cords, Laces, Chenellis, Eugene Ruffes, Buttons, &c.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS, CORSETS, HAIR NETS, BELT BUCKLES, &c.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods, Gent's & Ladies' Paper Collars.

MEN AND BOYS' HATS AND CAPS, NECK-TIES, SUSPENDERS, UNDERSHIRTS AND DRAWERS, WHITE SHIRTS, PAPER COLLARS, &c.

Hosiery and Gloves,

LADIES' CLOTHS, ALL COLORS.

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS AND SHAWLS, VERY CHEAP.

SHOES.

Just received, a large lot, very cheap. Call and see.

MILLINERY.

BONNETS ALTERED AND CLEANED, CHEAP.

Stamping, Pinking and Cloak Cutting and Making on short notice.

MEN'S SHIRTS MADE TO ORDER. MACHINE STITCHING.

CALL AND SEE ME.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

REMEMBER THE PLACE

Two doors below Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery Store, Water street, Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

UNION

AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

ROCHESTER, PENNA.,

A. B. SMITH & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

MANUFACTURE MOWERS, REAPERS, Railway or Endless Chain, and Lever Power of various sizes, Threshers and Separators, Farm Mills, Cider Mills, Cane Mills and Sorghum Evaporators, Corn Sheilers, Dog Powers for Churning, and all other Agricultural Machinery.

REPAIRING AND JOBBING

Of all kinds done on short notice. Machines of any kind built for parties.

Having had an experience of fifteen years in Patents and Patent Business, we are prepared to make Models, Applications, &c., for parties desiring to take out Patents.

Having fitted up our Factory with

NEW AND IMPROVED MACHINERY,

Selected from the best Eastern makes, in person, and employing none but the best Mechanics, we are prepared to do work in the best style and manner.

Having secured the services of A FIRST CLASS PATTERN MAKER, we are also prepared to make any kind or style of Patterns.

Particular attention paid to Repairing Mowing and Reaping Machines, and machinery in general.

We solicit, and hope by attention and care to merit, the patronage of parties wishing work done. Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

ALL WORK WARRANTED.

Address A. B. SMITH & CO.
my29'67:1y Rochester, Pa.

NEW STORE!

EXCLUSIVELY

Boots and Shoes!

PERSONS DESIROUS OF ECONOMISING, WILL find it to their interest to call at

RUSH'S NEW STORE,

BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,

[OPPOSITE THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.]

The undersigned, having had seventeen years experience in the business, feels himself fully confident, with his facilities for receiving goods direct from the Manufacturers, that it will be to every person's advantage to call and examine for themselves. [ap10:3m

OFFICE OF PENN'A. & OHIO CANAL COMPANY, WARREN, TRUMBULL COUNTY, OHIO.

Special Meeting of Stockholders.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A SPECIAL meeting of the stockholders of said Company, will be held at the office of said Company, in Warren, Ohio, at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the third day of July, A. D. 1867, for the purpose of considering and determining whether, and what division or divisions of said Company's Canal shall be abandoned, agreeably to the authority granted by recent act of the Legislature of Pennsylvania and Ohio, and to make such orders in relation to said Canal, and its abandonment in whole, or in part, as they may deem proper.

By order of the Board of Directors.

JAMES M'EWEN,
Warren, Ohio, May 21, '67. President.

PLEASE STOP

And examine our large Stock of WINTER GOODS, to be sure that we are astonishingly CHEAP!

TO READ THIS

Will be of Great Advantage to the People of Beaver County in purchasing GOOD GOODS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

AND CONSIDER

That we have bought our stock since the late decline; the same consisting of

French Merinos,	Prints,
Coburgs,	Flannels,
Paris Plaids,	Ticklings,
Poplins,	Table Linen,
Poplin Stripes,	Muslins,
Empress Cloth,	Shawls,
All Wool Delaines,	Blankets,
Delaines,	Gloves,
Ginghams,	Hoods and Scarfs,

Together with an endless variety of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC GOODS, all of which will positively be sold, *regardless to cost, in order to close out our whole stock!* In giving us a call, you will find us always in readiness to show our goods with pleasure, and then leave it to

YOUR OWN

Judgment. Finally, we would say that we guarantee full satisfaction regarding the quality of Goods, and particularly the extreme low prices of the same. Both of these facts will be to your own

INTEREST.

We shall be happy to attend to all wishing to favor us with their patronage.

Very respectfully,

NELSON & ROESSLER,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

CONVERSION OF 7 3-10S.

IN REPLY TO NUMEROUS INQUIRIES IN REgard to the manner of converting the August 7 3-10s into the new 5-20 Gold Coupon Bond we make the following statement for the benefit of the holders of 7 3-10s, who may not be informed:

The Government computes the Interest on both bonds in currency from the date of the maturity of the last coupon, allowing seven and three-tenths on the 7 3-10s, and charging six per cent. on the 5-20s. For example: You sent to Washington 1,000 7 3-10 Bond which reaches there on

May 1st	$1,000
71 days interest (from Feb. 15)	14 80
5-20s	$1,000
119 days interest from Jan. 1st'67	19 56
(This is counted at 365 days per annum)	1.02 56
Allowed for 7 3-10s	1.014 80
You pay Government	4 76

It will be seen by this that the Gold Interest is given as currency, which is of itself a profit to the party converting the 7-30s nearly eight dollars per $1,000, aside from the fact that at the present rate of Gold, the 5-20s pay over 8 per cent. per annum.

We are converting the 7 3-10s on much better terms than the Government, as the present buying and selling rates enable us to allow the holder of the 7 3-10s a better figure than has yet been offered by any one as a commission.

We also exchange the new 4-20 bond for the other series of 7 3-10s on the most favorable terms.

Parties exchanging through us, in addition to their getting much better terms than they can from the Government, will have their 5-20s delivered to them immediately, thus saving delay. We also register any bonds sent to us without charge. On all bonds sent us by express we pay charges both ways, and send bonds promptly as directed.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.,)
Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth and Wood streets,
may6:3m Pittsburgh, Pa.

E. PENT STEWART.....R. A. WILSON.

SPRING AND SUMMER!

BOOTS AND SHOES.

WILSON & STEWART.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE PUBlic, that they have have just received direct from the manufacturers, the largest and best selected SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK OF

Ladies', Gent's, Boys' and Chilren's Boots and Shoes.

GAITERS AND SLIPPERS

All of the latest styles, that have ever been brought to this county, and which they are prepared to sell

AS CHEAP, IF NOT CHEAPER,

Than they can be bought in the city of Pittsburg.

Thankful for past patronage, we solicit a continuance of the same, and invite purchasers to call and examine our goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

We have a shop connected to do all repairing.

All Goods Warranted.

WILSON & STEWART,
In the Diamond,
apr24'67. ROCHESTER, PA.

A. S. HARVEY,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS,

HAS JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

Cranberries,	Hominy,
Canned Peaches,	Turkey Prunes,
do Tomatoes,	Layer Raisins,
do Green Corn,	Seedless Raisins,
do Plums,	English Currants,
Dried Corn,	Goshen Cheese,
do Peaches,	Sweet Potatoes,
Pickles,	No. 1 Mackerel.

Also, a prime assortment of Teas, Sugar and Coffee.

☞ Terms, strictly CASH.

A. S. HARVEY,
nov28'66 Bridge street, Bridgewater.

SPRING FASHIONS!

1867.

I RIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

NEW ASSORTMENT MILLINERY WILL BE opened at my old stand, lately occupied by Mr. Geehy, on THURSDAY, MARCH 14TH. I wish to inform my old friends, and as many new ones as will please patronize me, that I am now receiving an entire new stock of Millinery, of the latest Spring Styles, and will be pleased with an early call.

mar15'67:1y MRS. A. REES.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary on the estate of WILLIAM MCCLELLAN, late of Pulaski twp., Beaver county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

FRANK M'CLELLAND, New Brighton,
WM. M'CLELLAND, Pulaski township,
my15'67:6t* Executors.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of JAMES TENNIS, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of said will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

my29'67:6t SAMUEL TENNIS, Adm'r.

SAVE YOUR HEALTH

BY BUYING

Pure Medicines.

AT

LOUIS BREHM & CO.'S.,

IN THE DIAMOND,

ROCHESTER, PA.

(One door from Fortune's Dry Goods Store,) can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

CARBON OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS.

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All kinds of PATENT MEDICINES always on hand.

ALSO, SEGARS & TOBACCO,

My entire stock has been purchased for CASH, and is offered at the very LOWEST PRICES.

☞ As I am a thoroughly educated Apothecary and Chemist, physicians and others can rely upon their prescriptions accurately filled with *Pure Medicines only.*

LOUIS BREHM & CO.

an29'66:1y

FURNITURE AND CHAIRS

AT REDUCED PRICES!

OF OUR OWN MANUFACTURE AND WARRANTED!

PARLOR,
LIBRARY,
DINING ROOM,
and CHAMBER SUITS,

In Every Variety and Style!

SCHOOLS,
HOTELS,
STEAMBOAT,
and PUBLIC BUILDINGS,

FURNISHED ON MOST REASONABLE TERMS.

T. B. YOUNG & CO,
38 & 40 Smithfield street.
mar20'67:6m Pittsburgh, Pa.

R. A. WILSON.....HARVEY BROWN.

NEW STORE, NEW FIRM

AND

New Groceries.

WILSON & BROWN

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THEIR NUmerous friends and the public generally, that they intend opening a New Grocery Store, on

BRIDGE STREET, BRIDGEWATER,

adjoining the Dry Goods Store of A. G. Hurst, on the 5th day of March.

It is their intention of having on hand, at all times, a full assortment of the

BEST FAMILY GROCERIES,

and they beg leave to state that they are determined to compete with all other dealers in the town or neighborhood, as their Stock of Goods are all new, and bought at the late great reduction, and selected with the greatest care by Mr. HARVEY BROWN, whose knowledge of the business cannot be questioned, having been with Mr. Arthur Harvey for many years.

They call particular attention to their stock of Teas and Coffee, as they flatter themselves they have something extra to offer as to price and quality.

The best brands of Family Flour always on hand. Produce taken at all times at full market prices. *All goods delivered.*

WILSON & BROWN.

Bridgewater, Feb. 27, 1867—1y.

M. MILLER. W. DOLBY. CHAS. LUKENS.

M. MILLER & CO.,

Rochester Plaining, Sash and Door Mill.

Rochester, Beaver Co., Pa

(NEAR RAILROAD DEPOT.)

MANUFACTURERS OF, AND DEALERS IN, Planed Lumber, Dressing, Flooring, Siding, Shelving, Doors, Sash, Shutters, &c., &c.

CONTRACTORS AND BUILDERS.

Also proprietors of Clarke & Rhinesmith's Patent Weather Boarding, Patented May 1st, 1866, for the exterior of houses, &c. This siding consists in forming the various strips of boards of a level or tapering shape across its entire width with lower or thicker edge, made with a suitable moulding to impart a neat and finished appearance. Shop rights for the manufacture and use of this siding in Beaver county will be sold reasonably.

Having had much experience in building, and the Lumber business generally added to our new facilities for its manufacture, we feel confidence in inviting our old friends and patrons to call and examine for themselves, before contracting elsewhere. [apr10'67:tf

---

GEO. C. SPEYERER,

Corner of Water and Janes Street,

ROCHESTER, PA.

HAVING RETURNED FROM THE EAST, I AM now opening a large and well selected

STOCK OF GOODS

Which were bought at panic prices, and which will be sold at the lowest possible rates. My Stock consists of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS, &c., &c.,

And all articles usually kept in a first class store.

apr3'67:3m

AT

MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER.

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,

Medicines,

CHEMICALS,

PURE

LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies,

Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS:

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES,

PATENT MEDICINES

In great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills, 75 cents per box; Cheesman's, $1; Clark's, $1.

The Largest Stock of

LAMPS & LAMP-TRIMMINGS, LANTERNS, STATIONERY, WINDOW GLASS & PUTTY.

Ever offered outside of the city at Moore's Drug Store and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else.

Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more. ?

july1'67 J. MOORE.

FALLSTON FOUNDRY!

ENGINE & REPAIR SHOP,

In Fallston Beaver County, Pa.

HAVING refitted and enlarged my stock of machinery and tools, and having secured the services of the best of mechanics, I am prepared to warrant all work done to give entire satisfaction. I have on hand different patterns and styles of Engines, Fire Clay Rolls, and am prepared to make or repair all descriptions of machinery, on reasonable terms.

PLOWS AND PLOW CASTINGS.

I have all the best plow patterns that suit this market, among which is the "Great Western," which has been THE plow of the county for the last fifteen years. There are five sizes of this plow, all of which I manufacture and keep for sale; also "Patent Lever"—right and left—"Mountain King,"—right and left—"Side Hill," and nearly all the different kinds in use.

COOKING, FRANKLIN AND HEATING STOVES.

Having made several important improvements on the "Climax," by which coal or wood can be supplied without lifting lids, and having two places for pipe, either or both of which can be used at the same time, with a ventilation to the oven, thus having the advantages of a Cooking Stove, Bake oven and Franklin Stove combined. This Stove has been in constant use for twenty years, and many of them after being used for this period of time, are now in good order. There is but a small portion of this stove that ever burns out, and this is easily and cheaply replaced. To make them still more lasting, we are now putting in the fire brick lining. Our other patterns are the Enterprise, Keystone and Premium. Parlor Stoves, large and small heating Stoves, Franklin Stoves, Jenny Lind's, &c. Grate and Grate Fronts, Fenders, Iron Railing of various styles, Wagon Boxes, two Irons, Tire Benders, Corn Shellers, Force and Cistern Pumps, Sad Irons, Metal Sinks for kitchen, Sheet Iron and Tinware, always on hand and made to order. In fact, I manufacture and keep for sale, almost everything wanted in the machinery or hardware line.

Second hand stoves always for sale cheap. Two good new engines, suitable for saw-mill or shop purposes now on hand, and will be sold reasonable.

mar13'67—1y. JOHN THORNILEY.

CRATE A. DICKEY.....R. A. WILSON.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR

Bargains!

OF

Boots and Shoes

IN BEAVER!

WILSON & DICKEY WOULD RESPECTFULLY Inform the public in general of their intention to close out their extensive stock of Fall and Winter Boots and Shoes, to prepare for a Spring Stock, consisting of

Ladies', Gent's, Boy's and Children's Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c.,

Which will be sold at cost, or below cost, as we are bound to keep up the trade, and that to the entire satisfaction of our customers. *All goods warranted.*

DICKEY & WILSON,
3 doors East of H. B. Anderson's Store,
Jan9'67. Beaver, Pa.

WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES

—AND—

OIL CLOTHS

—AT THE—

Lowest Possible Rates,

—AT—

MRS. M. DONLEY'S

BOOK AND STATIONERY STORE,

In the Diamond,

ROCHESTER, PA.

Also School and other Books, Stationery, Eastern papers and Magazines.

All orders promptly attended to. [mar26'67:3m

BRIDGEWATER

MARBLE WORKS.

DAVID WOODRUFF, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN

Italian and American Marble.

Monuments, Head Stones, &c., made to order. Please give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. ☞ Shop opposite Dr. Smith's Drug Store, Bridge street, Bridgewater.

jy25'66:1y DAVID WOODRUFF.

WILLIAM JONES,

House, Sign, and Ornamental

PAINTER.

☞ *Lettering of all Kinds Executed Promptly.* ☜

Carriage & Buggy Painting, &c.

Main St., New Brighton, Pa.

apr3'67:3m

HARDWARE STORE!

J. S. WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

—IRON, NAILS, GLASS, AND—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

CARPENTERS' TOOLS,

BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

MASONS' TOOLS,

SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,

SADDLERS' TOOLS,

PLASTERERS' TOOLS,

MINERS' TOOLS.

SADDLERY HARDWARE,

BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,

LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,

PICKS, MATTOCKS & HOES,

COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,

TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,

HORSE SHOES & NAILS,

TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,

CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

ALSO, PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, AND PUTTY.

AGENT FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

jan2,'67.

NEW ARRIVAL

AT

Mulheim's Store,

IN BRIDGEWATER, PA.

25,000 Bolts of WALL PAPER,

Of the Latest Styles and Patterns just received from NEW YORK!

The subscriber again thanks his numerous friends for their former patronage. Anticipating their wants and tastes, I visited New York and closely selected one of the largest stock of

VARIETY GOODS, &C.,

Ever brought to this county, consisting of

Traveling Sacks,	*Ladies' Satchels,*
Fancy Goods,	*Children's Carriages,*
Books, Stationery,	*Carpeting, Oil Cloths,*
Window Blinds,	*Rugs, Brushes, &c.,*

All of which I will sell cheaper than they can be purchased for in the city. Give me a call before purchasing elsewhere.

B. MULHEIM,
Bridge Street,
Bridgewater, Pa.

CARPET STORE

Removal.

M'CALLUM BROTHERS

Will remove on March 1st, 1867, from 87 Fourth street, to their new and elegant Warehouse

NO 51 FIFTH STREET,

ABOVE WOOD ST,

PITTSBURG,

Built by them expressly for the accommodation of their large and increasing business. Having very superior facilities for business, they will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of all Goods pertaining to the Carpet business, which they offer at Wholesale or Retail to the trade and public at lowest market rates.

mar8'67:1y McCALLUM BROTHERS.

SPRING TRADE!

1867.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54

WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

Have their stock open for trade.

GOOD GOODS!

AT

Reasonable Prices.

S. B. M'ELROY.
JAMES DICKSON.
JOHN T. SHANE.

mar 13'67:3m.

EDWARD FOERSTER,

DEALER IN

WALL PAPER, VARIETIES,

FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,

Gold, Glazed & Common wall Papers, Paper, Oil and Transparent Window Shades and Fixtures,

TABLE OIL CLOTHS, &c.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL,

164 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

J. L THOMPSON.....F. S. HAMILTON.

THOMPSON & HAMILTON,

Sharon, Beaver Co., Pa.

(4TH DOOR NORTH OF DARRAGH'S STORE.)

MANUFACTURERS OF FANCY AND COMMON Brooms, and dealers in Handles, Wire, Twine, &c., &c. All work warranted. Having purchased an excellent lot of corn, and provided ourselves with all needed facilities, we flatter ourselves that all Brooms manufactured by us will be as good as the best, and cheap as the cheapest. Call and see us before purchasing elsewhere.

ADDRESS—Box 17, Beaver, Pa. [apr3'67:3m.

S. J. CROSS & CO.

SECOND DOOR ABOVE THE R.R.,

NEW YORK STREET,

ROCHESTER, PA.,

KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND FOR SALE

AT LOWEST MARKET PRICES,

A COMPLETE AND WELL ASSORTED STOCK OF

Dry Goods,

CONSISTING OF

BROWN & BLEACHED MUSLIN,	
PRINTS,	GINGHAMS,
DeLAINE,	ALPACCAS,
COBURGS,	FRENCH MERINOS,
FLANNELS, Plain and Barred,	
WOOL DeLAINES, all Colors,	
BLACK SILK,	TIKING,
TABLING,	TOWELING,
CHECK,	JEANT,
TWEEDS,	SATINETC,
CAIGR'S,	BROADCLOTH,

CLOAKING,

Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY, GLOVES, &c.

HATS AND CAPS,

Men's and Boys'—a large stock of the latest styles.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Men's, Women's and Children's Gum Shoes, Carpet Shoes, &c., &c.

Ready-Made Clothing.

SCHOOL BOOKS & STATIONERY.

Hardware.

A large and well assorted Stock, consisting, in part, of

CUTLERY,

Carpenters' Tools, of all Kinds,

BUILDING HARDWARE,	BUTT,
FTRA HINJE,	SCREW,
HUTTER HINGE,	BOLT,
LOCKS,	NAIL, &c.

Window Glass,

Of all Sizes, and Double Strength.

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Paid to filling orders, of Carpenters, Contractors and Builders, for

HARDWARE,

GLASS AND NAILS,

LINSEED OIL,

BENZINE,

COAL'S PATENT DYER,

PAINTS OF ALL COLORS,

WHITE LEAD,

PUTTY,

GROUND, DRY AND IN OIL.

Painters will do well to examine our Stock and Prices before purchasing elsewhere.

Groceries.

A Fresh and Full supply constantly on hand at very lowest prices.

CHOICE BRANDS OF

FLOUR,

IN BARRELS AND SACKS.

CARBON OIL,

LARD OIL,

QUEENSWARE,

STONE WARE, &c., &c.

☞ All heavy goods delivered free of charge. ☜

All kinds of grain and country produce taken in exchange for goods.

☞ S. J. CROSS is Conveyancer—Agent of Samuel Simes and the Rochester Land Company. Also Agent of the Merchants' Union Express Company.

Remember the place:

CROSS'S STORE,

SECOND BUILDING ABOVE THE RAILROAD,

NEW YORK STREET,

Rochester, Pa.

jan2'67:1y

Register's Notice.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for the County of Beaver, on WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12TH, A. D., 1867, for confirmation and allowance.

First and final account of James Sproat, administrator *de bonis non cum testamento annexo*, of Joseph Walker, dec'd.

First and final account of John P. Brunton, executor of the last will of Mary Brunton, dec'd.

Final account of Rebecca Alliband, administratrix of the estate of John Alliband, dec'd.

Account of James Ramsey, Guardian of Elizabeth Carothers, minor daughter of Jas. Carothers, dec'd.

The account of John M'Murtrie, administrator of the estate of Horrace M'Murtrie, dec'd.

First and final account of Peter Crowl, administrator of the estate of Samuel M'Connell, dec'd.

Final account of John Keelin, Adm'r of the estate of Chas. M. Keelin, dec'd.

First and final account of David Reed and Robt. Scott, executors of the last will of Hon. John Scott, dec'd.

First and final account of David Kennedy, administrator of the estate of Eugene K. Fleeson, dec'd.

Final account of Dr. Thos. F. Robinson, Guardian of Henry Smith, one of the children of Henry Smith, dec'd.

Final account of Dr. Thomas F. Robinson, Guardian of Isaac Smith, one of the minor children of Henry Smith, dec'd.

Final account of Samuel Piersoll, Guardian of Wm. C. Stewart, minor child of Francis P. Stewart, dec'd.

First and final account of Adam Henderson, executor of the last will of Jno. Henderson, dec'd.

Account of Jno B. Crooks, Guardian of Isabella Craig, minor daughter of James Craig, dec'd.

Account of Robt. Wilson, Guardian of Patterson P. Rowe, minor son of Jane Calvin, dec'd.

First and final account of James Ferguson, executor of last will of Stanton Gordon, dec'd.

Account of John Slentz, administrator of the estate of John Reed, dec'd.

Account of John Slentz, administrator of the estate of Rebecca Reed, dec'd.

Personal and real estate accounts of Edward Hoops and Jas. C. Ferguson, executors of last will of James Ferguson, dec'd.

Account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Jacob Warner, dec'd

Account of J. C. Wilson, executor of the last will of James M'Cullough, dec'd.

Account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate of Hon. Thomas Cunningham, dec'd.

The account of J. C. Wilson, administrator of the estate Wm. T. Morrow, dec'd.

Account of Enos Hill, administrator of the estate of Alfred C. Hill, dec'd.

Account of Andrew Watterson, executor of the last will of John Walton, dec'd.

Account of Amos Doutt, Guardian of Amos Doutt, minor son of Amon Doutt, dec'd

Final account of Eliza Wallace, administratrix of the estate of John Wallace, dec'd.

Account of E. P. Townsend, executor of the last will of Benj'n. Townsend, dec'd.

Account of R. Duncan, ex'r of last will of Jno. Russell, dec'd.

Account of Robt. W. Stewart, ex'r. of the last will of Mary Jane Stevenson, dec'd.

Account of Eliza Wallace, adm'rx of the estate of John Wallace, dec'd.

Account of Geo. Badders, Guardian of Samuel Shearer, minor son of Joseph Shearer, dec'd.

Account of Jno. Caughey, surviving ex'r of the last will of Samuel Smith, dec'd.

Account of W. H. Frazier, adm'r. of the estate of Jno Gibb, dec'd.

Real Estate account of Wm. H. Frazier, trustee, appointed by Orphans, Court, in the estate of Jno. Gibb, dec'd.

D. SINGLETON,
may16'67. Register.

John Barlow
vs.
William Barlow, Ann Warhurst, David Barlow, Thos. Barlow, Esther Kenyon, Rachel Jackson, Sarah Barnes, Jehu Barlow, Thomas Smith, William, John, Sidney and Jonas Smith, Sarah Hatfield, William Pullen, James Pullen, Mary Whitehead, Esther Woolley, Samuel Parkinson, Lavina Morginson, Jane Ingham, Rachel Darbyshire, William Smith, Jonathan Smith and Jonas Schofield.

Summons in Partition.

May 2, 1867. Deed from Sheriff Littell to Benjamin Pontefact acknowledged. Same day, on motion of Sheriff Littell, J. R. Harrah, Esq., appointed an Auditor to distribute the money in the hands of the Sheriff.

Beaver County, ss:
A true extract from the Record.
Attest:
SEAL M. WEYAND,
Prothonotary.

The Auditor above named will meet the parties interested, for the purpose of his appointment, at his office, in the Borough of Beaver, on Thursday the 6th day of June, 1867, at 10 o'clock, a. m., at which time and place, all persons having any claims against the estate of Hannah Jackson, dec'd., are hereby notified to attend. J. R. HARRAH,
may15'67—3t. Auditor.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Beaver county, No. 139 Sept. T. 1861.

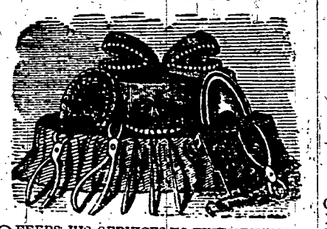
In the matter of the individual assignment in Trust of Wm. R. Rhodes, late of the firm of Kirk & Rhodes.

Notice is hereby given that the Final Account of Tho's. J. Power, B. B. Chamberlin, and Geo. F. Gillmore, Assignees of the personal individual trust above named, has been filed in the Prothonotary's office and that the same will be confirmed on the first day of next Term, unless cause to the contrary be then shown.

M. WEYAND, Pro'y.
May 15, 1867,—3t.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST.



OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

Artificial Teeth perfectly fitted, Articulated, Shaped, Sized and Colored, to suit every individual, mounted on fine Gold, Silver, English and American Vulcanite. Teeth extracted without pain by an entirely new process: no Ether, Chloroform, Nitrous-oxide or any other anæsthetic used in connection with the apparatus.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of H. B. Anderson's store. [feb20'67:6m.

BEAVER FALLS MILL.

THE BEAVER FALLS MILL COMPANY HAVE their New Mill completed, and in successful operation. In addition to Merchant Work they are prepared to do all kinds of Custom Work, in the best manner, and on short notice.

The highest market price will be paid in Cash for all kinds of Grain delivered at the Mill. [may1'67:3m

---

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Levari Facias Fiera Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Beaver, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's office, in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8TH, 1867,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a certain tract of land in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Penn'a., bounded north by lands of William Davidson and others, east by lands of the Harmony Society and David Cochran's heirs, south by lands of Isaac Cox and C. M'Millin, and west by land of S. M'Conaughey and Cunningham's heirs, containing 100 acres more or less, on which is erected one log and one frame dwelling house, with cellar under each house, a frame barn, one log barn and other out-buildings, two orchards on the premises; about 70 acres cleared and under fence. The above tract of land underlaid with coal.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Welsh, Jr., at the suit of S. M. Ross.

No. 2, ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of Andrew Smiley, one of the defendants, of, in and to the following tract of land, situate in Big Beaver township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded north by land of the heirs of Samuel Blair, east by Big Beaver Creek, on the west by Robert Stinson, and on the south by heirs of Samuel Blair, containing 111 acres more or less, about 90 acres cleared; the entire farm under fence, on which there is erected a good frame dwelling house, large frame barn and out-buildings; a good orchard on the premises. The farm underlaid with a three foot vein of coal.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Andrew Smiley, at the suit of David Beatty. Also, at the suit of Robert Stinson's administrator.

No. 3, ALSO.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to a certain lot of ground in the borough of Hookstown, Beaver county, Pa., bounded north by school lot, east by street, south by lot of Wm. Frazier's heirs, and west by lot of Jane Miller; on which there is erected a one story frame dwelling house, with cellar underneath, a frame stable and out-buildings. Lot enclosed and and planted in fruit trees.

Seized and taken as the property of Thomas Calahan, at the suit of William Smith.

No. 4, ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of Margaret Wilson, one of the defendants, of, in and to a certain lot of ground, being part of lot No. 372, in the borough of New Brighton, being 31½ feet from the north side thereof, and bounded north by lot No. 371, east by Third street, south by part of said lot No. 372, south part and west by Second street; also the other part of said lot No. 372, being 31 feet more or less of the south side thereof, and bounded north by the north partition of said lot No. 372, east by Third street, south by lot No. 373, and west by Second street. The two portions above described, embrace the whole of Lot No. 372, on which there is erected a two story frame dwelling house and out-buildings. Lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees.

Seized and taken as the property of Margaret Wilson, at the suit of D. A. M'Gill's administrator and Trustee, for use of E. Roops, guardian of minor children of D. A. M'Gill, dec'd.

No. 5, ALSO.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of, in and to Lot No. 20, in the borough of Freedom, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the south east by Vicary street, on the south-west by Wolf alley, on the north-west by lot No. 19, on the north east by Main street; on which there is erected a large two story frame dwelling house with cellar under it. Also, a large frame brewery and fixtures. Lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees, grapes, &c.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Lewis Epply, at the suit of William C. Gall.

J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, May 22, '67.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a certain writ of Vari Facias issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at the Sheriff's Office, in Beaver, on

SATURDAY, JUNE 8TH, 1867,

at 10 o'clock, a. m., the following property, to wit:

All right, title, interest and claim of defendants, of, in and to the following tract of land situate in Chippewa township, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the north by land of Wm. Nair, on the east by land of John Cochran, on the south by land of Andrew Welsh's heirs and others, and on the west by land of Welsh's heirs and the Harmony society; containing about 100 acres, about 75 acres cleared; on which there is erected a two story stone house, large frame barn, wagon house, spring house, and other out-buildings. Good orchard on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Rachel Jane Cochran and Sarah Elizabeth Cochran, minors, whose guardian is John W. Welsh, at the suit of Sarah Cochran.

J. S. LITTELL, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Beaver, May 22, '67.

LICENSE NOTICE.

LIST of Applicants for License at June Term, 1867.

HOTELS, &c.

William M'Cown	Darlington boro
David Johnston	Big Beaver twp.
James Doncaster	Rochester boro.
Andrew Swaney	Green twp.
David Magaw	New Brighton boro.
John H. Camp	Rochester,
Jas. P. Parris	Brighton twp.
Mike Camp, Jr.	Rochester boro.
Adam Johnston	Rochester "

EATING HOUSES.

Rebecca Alliband	Darlington boro.
Adam Gress	Beaver Falls Cty.
Jacob Longenecker	Fallston boro.
Ellen Rufer	Phillipsburg boro.
Nathan M'Cown	Darlington "
John Aber	Industry twp.
J. I. Davis	Big Beaver twp.
Francis Blount	New Brighton.

TO SELL LIQUOR IN QUANTITIES NOT LESS THAN ONE QUART, TOGETHER WITH OTHER WARES AND MERCHANDISE.

C. F. Kearcher	Phillipsburg boro.
Peter Angel	Bridgewater "
Geo. C. Speyerer	Rochester "
Alexander Devinoy	New Brighton.

JOHN A. FRAZIER,
may22'67—3t. Clerk.

Trial List for June Term, 1867.

2D MONDAY.

Comm. of Penn, use,	vs.	G. W. Shrodes.
Nancy Ewing, *et. al.*	"	Jos. Frank, *et. al.*
H. Kinsey & wife.	"	Thos. Poe & wife.
H. T. Price & Co.	"	Smith & Pierce.
same:	"	J. F. Williams & Co

3D MONDAY.

Robert Morgan	vs.	Hugh Anderson.
James Collins & Co.	"	Wm. M. Shirts.
John Beatty's Exec'r.	"	N. C. & B. V. R. R. Co.
Haberman & Co.	"	John Graham, *et. al.*
Samuel Morrow	"	Thos. Greenlee.
Henry Barr.	"	Geo. W. Barclay.
G. W. Alexander's heirs	"	A. J. Chambers, *et. al.*
W. H. Denny's heirs	"	G. W. Hamilton.
Thos. H. Jackson	"	W. S. Morlan, *et. al.*
		M. WEYAND, Prothonotary.

may15'67.